Young Mens Library

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21. 1872. | VOLUME V---NUMBER 57

Evening Edition.

Price Five Cents

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 20.

☞ *See Interesting Reading on Fourth Page.*

City and Suburban.

AN interesting revival is progressing at the Baptist Church at Stone Mountain.

G. P. BRADLEY died yesterday at Stone Mountain from concussion of the brain, the result of a fall down the steps of the Bell Building.

THE straight outs held a caucus this morning and adjourned until half past one to-day. There were about twenty-one present, mostly from this county.

Hon. Charles O'Conor.

A prominent Democrat, when informed yesterday afternoon at the headquarters of the Democratic Executive Committee, that Charles O'Conor was talked of as the nominee of the Louisville Convention, declared that under no circumstances would the latter consent to be a candidate for the Presidency, and that less than two weeks ago Mr. O'Conor, in the speaker's hearing, had paid a high tribute to the worth and patriotism of Mr. Greeley.—*New York Tribune of the 17th.*

☞ The Dahlonega Signal thus speaks of Governor Smith:

We believe Governor Smith to be a conscientious honest gentleman, and to place him in the Executive chair for the next four years is the best choice that Georgians could make.

A Coalition of "Straights" and Radicals.

While doing justice to the purity of motive of many of our "straight" friends, we have urged that the "straight" programme lead to the defeat of Democratic principle and the election of Grant and renewed rule of Radicalism and Southern oppression.

We now have the evidence that co-operation between the "straights" and Radicals is purposed.

The Atlanta correspondent of the Savannah Advertiser, "Napoleon," known to be Mr. A. St. Clair Abrams, the leader of the "straights" in Atlanta thus writes:

While I denounce this rumor as utterly false, I do not attempt even to disguise the fact that should the "straights" nominate candidates for State and county offices *they will endeavor to persuade the Radicals to abstain from making nominations of their own.*

This comes from the fountain head. It is a direct acknowledgment that a combination between the Grant men and "straights" is intended. Of course the Radicals will not "abstain from making nominations" without compensation, and "straight" Democrats elected by the Grant Radical vote will represent no "Democratic principles" worthy of preservation.

We feel confident that when the true men who are on the "straight" line realize its inevitable drift, they will withdraw from it.

The Difference between Greeley and Grant.

The Sun of this morning has numerous articles contending that there is no difference between Greeley and Grant. One article is from "A. H. S." We answer them all at once, and we let the parties speak for themselves.

The difference is well stated in the address of the Cincinnati Convention that nominated Greeley. We give it entire and call Mr. Stephens' attention to it.

"THE ADDRESS.—The Administration now in power has rendered itself guilty of a wanton disregard of the limit of the land, and of usurping powers not granted by the Constitution. It has acted as if the laws had binding force only for those who are governed, and not for those who govern. *It has been a blow at the fundamental principles of Constitutional government and the liberties of citizens.* The President of the United States openly uses the powers and opportunities of his high office for the promotion of personal ends; he has kept notoriously corrupt and unworthy men in places of power and responsibility to the detriment of the public interests; he has used the public service of the government as a machinery of partisan and personal influence, and *interfered with grasping arrogance in the political affairs of States and municipalities*; he has rewarded with influential and lucrative offices men who had acquired his favor by valuable pecuniary gifts, thus stimulating the demoralization of our political life by his conspicuous example; he has shown himself deplorably unequal to the task imposed upon him by the necessities of the country, and culpably careless of the responsibilities of high office.

The partisans of the administration, claiming to be the Republican party, and controlling its organization have attempted to justify such wrong and pollution such abuses to the end of maintaining such partizan ascendency. They have stood in the way of necessary investigations and indispensable reforms, pretending, that no serious fault could be found with the present administration of public affairs, thus seeking to blind the eyes of the people. They have kept alive the passions and resentments of the late civil war to use them to their own advantages. They have resorted to arbitrary measures in direct conflict with organic law, instead of appealing to the better instincts of the latent patriotism of the Southern people reserving to them those rights the enjoyment of which is indispensable for the successful administration of their local affairs and would tend to a more patriotic and hopeful national feeling. They have degraded themselves and the name of their party, once justly entitled to the confidence of the nation, by a base sycophancy to the dispenser of executive powers unworthy of Republican freemen; they have sought to stifle the voice of just criticism to stifle the moral sense of the people, and to subjugate public opinion by tyrannical party discipline; they are striving to maintain themselves in authority for selfish ends, by an unscrupulous use of power which rightfully belongs to the people, and should be employed only in the service of the country. Believing that an organization thus led and controlled can no longer be of service to the best interests of the Republic, we have resolved to make an independent appeal to the sober judgment, conscience and patriotism of the American people."

This is the arraignment of Grant by Greeley and his Republicans.

Comment is needless. If gentlemen can see no difference between the man and his party arraigned above and those arraigning them, we have poor opinion of their intelligence, and if they wilfully ignore the difference, they must settle the account with their consciences.

In conclusion, we cannot better put the difference between Greeley and Grant than in the words of that noble Democratic Kentuckian, Mr. Beck.

What we may reasonably expect to accomplish by the election of Greeley is thus stated by Judge Black, of Pennsylvania, perhaps the ablest man in the Democratic party. I fully indorse what he says:

"I devoutly believe that, if chosen President, he will keep his oath, preserve the Constitution inviolate, execute the laws faithfully, restore the states to their rightful autonomy, protect individual jury trial and habeas corpus, put the military in proper subordination to the civil authority, use neither force nor fraud to carry elections, keep his hands clean from corrupting gifts, set his face like a flint against all manner of unsound dishonesty, purify the administration of justice as much as in him lies, maintain the public credit by a prompt discharge of all just obligations, economize the revenue and lighten taxation, give to capital the right which belongs to it, at the same time see that labor is not robbed of its savings. He will certainly hold his power of appointment as a public trust, and not as a part of his personal possession, to be used for the support of his family, or to encourage the private liberality of his friends. He will, so far as he can, withstand trangressing the limits of his legal authority, believe the southern states from the gangs that are now preying upon their vitals in open partnership with the present Administration."

What may be reasonably expected as the result of General Grant's re-election will be easily understood by ascertaining what he has done, as he, in his letter of acceptance, distinctly avows his determination to "fight it out on that line," and consummate the system he has inaugurated. What that system is the leaders of the Republican party tell us very clearly in the Cincinnati address. The leading features of his policy, as therein stated, may be briefly summed up thus: He will continue to disregard the laws of the land, and usurp powers not granted by the Constitution. He will use the powers and opportunities of his high office for the promotion of personal ends. He will retain notoriously corrupt men in power and use the public service for corrupt purposes. He will reward, with lucrative offices, men who make him valuable presents. He will interfere, with tyrannical arrogance, in the political affairs of States and municipalities, thus striking a blow at the fundamental principles of constitutional government and the liberties of the citizen. Whilst his partisans will justify all these wrongs and abuses, stifling necessary investigations and reforms, keeping alive for their own advantage, and fanning into flames the passions and resentments of the late civil war, they will continue to degrade themselves by a base sycophancy to the President, silence the voice of criticism, stifle the moral sense of the people, and subjugate public opinion by tyranical party discipline for selfish and unprincipled personal ends. It requires no "appeal to the sober judgment, conscience and patriotism of the American people" to enable them to determine which system of government and which man they will select to execute it by their votes next November. All, regardless of party politics, who desire to be free, and to hand down to posterity our present system of constitutional government—a government "of the people—for the people—by the people"—will vote to expel from the places they have dishonored, and the trusts they have violated, the leaders and managers of the present administration. All who believe that constitutional government is a failure, and that the present leaders are proper persons to manage the personal despotic government, which they seek to substitute for it, will vote for General Grant. Having unbroken faith in the honesty, capacity and intelligence of the American people, I therefore, look forward to the election of Greeley and Brown with the most assured confidence.

Our Georgia Bonds.

The New York stock reports quote Georgia sixes 73a80; Georgia sevens, 87a90. Tennessee runs to only 74½; Virginia, 57; North Carolina, 47; South Carolina 56; Louisiana, 57; Alabama, 95; &c.

Georgia is the highest of all. This is a remarkable superiority in view of the damaged state of her credit if we are to believe Henry Clews and his bought champions.

To show however that the Northern press is not all of it in the league against Georgia's credit, we quote from the New York Tribune the following editorial article.

GEORGIA BONDS.

The Report of the Legislative Committee appointed to investigate the issues of bonds by the State of Georgia since July 4, 1868, is before us. It recites a story of gigantic robbery, which has driven the Committee to utter once more a word we had hoped never again to hear in any legal proposition, in any State in the Union. It holds out *Repudiation* as the only adequate remedy for the monstrous wrongs of the State.

We propose now to take from this report only a brief history of the robberies perpetrated under cover of constructing the Brunswick and Albany Railroad. * * * *

The foregoing facts are sufficient to show that the whole business was no better than a barefaced robbery of the State, no private capital being invested, yet from the testimony it further appears that the road was very badly built; that, by conclusion with Gov. Bullock, bonds were sold for scores of miles of road which have not been built to this day, and finally, that the two laws were directly in conflict with the State Constitution, which expressly declares that the Legislature shall not loan the credit of the State "to any company in which there is not already an equal amount invested by private persons."

The parties most deeply implicated in these transactions are the late Gov. Bullock, who has fled, his right hand man, Hannibal I. Kimball, who has also disappeared, the firm of Henry Clews & Co., of this city, and J. Edwin Conant and William I. Conant, contractors, who, together with Messrs. Clews and Kimball, were to divide the profits of the contract, or, in other words, the plunder. The testimony seems to show that Mr. Clews knew of the fraudulent issue of bonds in advance of the completion of the work, and that he was fully aware of the iniquitous character of the law of October 17, 1870. It was certainly his business to know of the provision of the State Constitution which, in the view of the Committee, deprives these bonds of all semblance of legality. He was Treasurer of the Radical Company, and necessarily had a great deal to do with the notorious, dishonest men who devised the robbery. There does appear to have been one honest man connected with these financial transactions—Mr. Angier the State Treasurer, whose services were dispensed with by the law passed by the Ring in 1871. It is, perhaps, not surprising that the name of Clews is just now unpopular in Georgia.

Georgia News.

The boll worm has made its appearance in Warren county. But little damage as yet.—*Georgia Clipper.*

Allen Harris, of Brunswick, a son of Mr. L. W. Harris, a youth nearly grown, was drowned a few days since.—*Sunset Appeal.*

Most of the farmers have finished pulling fodder. The corn crop is very good in most places. The caterpillar has appeared on some plantations, and is doing considerable damage, but the continual cry for cotton baskets leads us to conclude that a pretty good crop of the staple is expected. We think the cotton generally is pretty fair. *Camilla Herald.*

Stock has been subscribed to the Savannah Cotton Factory to within $20,000 of the required amount. A white man by the name of Sancho Sanchez was badly cut in the face by a young man named J. Felipe, with a large dirk knife, on the 17th inst. Mr. John Sullivan and Miss Ella Murphy were married at the Cathedral of St John the Baptist, in Savannah, on the 17th instant.—*Savannah Advertiser.*

Upwards of half a million of dollars are now on deposit in the savings department of the Savannah Bank and Trust Company and the Southern Bank of the State of Georgia, the surplus earnings of clerks, mechanics and others. Savannah has had a mad dog. A little boy three years old, a son of Mr. Alfred Robider, of Savannah, was so mangled by an accident in a street car on the 18th that he died from the effects. A Frenchman named Allen Rouzean committed suicide on the 18th instant by jumping into the river and was drowned. An enthusiastic Greeley and Brown meeting was held in Blackshear on Saturday last.—*Savannah News.*

South Carolina News.

Whooping cough in Abbeville.

A Greeley club of colored men has been formed in Lancaster.

The first new Carolina rice has been received in Charleston.

Preparations are making for the opening of the State Saving and Insurance Bank of Anderson.

A new mail route has been established to and from Union C. H., via Fair Forest, to Woodruff's in Spartanburg county.

Alabama News.

The cotton caterpillar has made its appearance in quite a large number of counties in Middle and South Alabama.

At Selma, two buzzards on the wing, high up in the air, south of the city, were struck by lightning and tumbled to the ground.

Last week, during a storm at Opelika, the lightning struck and killed a lady. A child three weeks old in her arms was uninjured.

A young man named Horton had his leg cut off at Montgomery, Saturday last, in attempting to board the train of the South and North Railroad.

Foreign Items.

A woman does the clown for an English circus.

London boot-blacks are uniformed. They have regular charges.

English railways have increased their fares on account of the advance in coal.

You can be shrouded, coffined and buried, in London, with four mourners in attendance, for only twenty dollars.

Personal.

Tom Thumb keeps a yacht.

Josie Mansfield retires to California.

Dan Rice was fined for kicking up a row in his own circus in Michigan.

A firm in Richmond recently shipped $116,000 worth of tobacco to Austria.

Col. Tom Scott advertises for the grading, etc., of about 300 miles of the Texas and Pacific Railway.

Tennessee News.

Drought prevails in upper East Tennessee.

Brownsville is going to have a cotton factory.

Between Knoxville and Chattanooga rain has been abundant.

Memphis had four fires in different parts of the city on the 17th inst.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE

SENATE.

TUESDAY, August 20, 1872.

Senate called to order by President Trammell.

Prayer by Rev. Emanuel Heidt, of the House.

Hon. T. J. Simmons moved to reconsider the action on the bill to incorporate the Macon, Monticello and Atlanta Railroad Company, supporting the motion in an eloquent and able effort.

Hon. George Hillyer opposed the motion to reconsider.

Hon. Enoch Steadman opposed reconsideration in his practical, common-sense style.

The motion was lost by yeas 11, nays 14.

Hon. J. R. Brown moved to reconsider action on the resolution relative to ex-Gov. Charles J. Jenkins, in order that it might be passed in accordance with the constitution.

The motion prevailed and the resolution taken up and passed by the following vote:

Yeas—Black, Burns, Candler, Cone, Erwin, Griffin, Heard, Hicks, Hillyer, Hinton, Hoyl, Jervis, Jones, Jordan, Kirkland, Kibbee, Lester, Mathews, McWhorter, Nicholls, Nunnally, Park, Peddy, Reese, Simmons, Steadman, Styles—27.

Nays—Anderson, Brock, Campbell, Clark, Colman, Crayton, Wallace—7.

Not voting—10.

Bills on third reading.

To require liens to be recorded within sixty days. Lost.

Nays 9, Yeas 32.

To relieve the securities of Henry A. Rist, Tax Collector of Clay county. Passed.

To prescribe the manner of incorporating towns and villages.

Senator Hinton moved to indefinitely postpone. Lost.

Senator Hinton moved to strike out towns of 100, and insert towns of 5,000 inhabitants. Lost.

Senator Candler opposed the passage of the bill.

Senator Hillyer favored its passage.

Senator Conley offered an additional section providing that no city, town or village shall create any debt, beyond ordinary expenses, except after an election held and a majority vote for it. Agreed to.

Senator Burns offered an amendment to Senator Conley's amendment, that the vote be by the property holders, but afterwards withdrew it. He stated that he favored the amendment, but yielded in deference to the desire of Senators.

The bill was passed by the following vote:

Yeas—Black, Brock, Brown, Burns, Cameron, Campbell, Cone, Conley, Crayton, Griffin, Heard, Hicks, Hillyer, Jervis, Jones, Jordan, Kibbee, Mathews, McWhorter, Nicholls, Nunnally, Park, Reese, Simmons, Smith, Steadman, Styles—27.

Nays—Anderson, Bruton, Candler, Clark, Devaux, Erwin, Hinton, Kirkland, Lester, Peddy, Wallace, Wellborn—12.

To provide for the issuing of bonds by the Oakley Mills Manufacturing Company, of Cobb county. Passed.

To incorporate the Griffin and Columbus Railroad Company. Passed.

To authorize the union and consolidation of the Macon and Western and Central Railroads Tabled for the present.

To authorize R. J. Youngblood to practice medicine Tabled.

To encourage the manufacture of cotton and woollen fabrics in this State. (Senator Steadman's pet measure.)

Senator Burns opposed the bill, and offered an amendment exempting the property of actual settlers of unimproved land. Lost.

Senators Hillyer and Mathews favored the passage of the bill.

Senator Steadman made a close, logical, statistical and able speech in support of the bill. His time was extended, which was a compliment to him.

The bill was passed by the following vote:

Yeas—Anderson, Brown, Bruton, Campbell, Cameron, Clark, Colman, Crayton, Devaux, Erwin, Griffin, Hicks, Hillyer, Jervis, Jones, Jordan, Kirkland, Mathews, McWhorter, Nicholls, Nunnally, Peddy, Smith, Wallace Wellborn—24.

Nays—Burns, Cameron, Cone, Heard, Hicks, Hillyer, Hinton, Kibbee, Lester, Park, Reese, Simmons, Steadman, Styles—14.

There not being a two-thirds vote the rules were not suspended.

On motion of Senator Kibbee the Senate adjourned until 3½ o'clock.

HOUSE.

House met. Speaker Cumming in the Chair.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Heidt.

RECONSIDERATIONS.

Mr. Moreland moved to reconsider the action of the House yesterday in defeating a bill to prohibit persons from fishing in millponds in Meriwether county without the permission of the owner.

Clower (col.) offered the following amendment:

Provided, That the provisions of this bill shall not apply to the persons fishing with a pin-hook and grubworm bate.

On motion of Mr. Pierce, the motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Mr. Moreland moved to reconsider the action of the House yesterday in defeating a bill to consolidate a Board of Commissioners for Meriwether county.

On motion of Clower (col.) the motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Mr. Johnson, of Spalding, moved to reconsider the action of the House yesterday in defeating a bill authorizing the Comptroller General to refund taxes. The motion did not prevail.

Mr. Sargent asked that he be allowed to have his name entered on the journal as one of the protestants against the passage of the bill indorsing the bonds of the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad. The request was granted.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

To authorize the Eagle and Phœnix Manufacturing Company of Columbus to establish a savings department.

Passed by yeas 123, nays 1.

To relieve Messrs. Boughton, Nisbet, Barnes and Moore. Lost.

To amend the acts incorporating the town of Cedar Town. Passed.

FULTON COUNTY COURT EXPENSES.

To appropriate money to reimburse her for expenses incurred in prosecuting State Road criminals.

Mr. Bacon was opposed to the bill. These were State prosecutions, and every county should bear her burdens. Fulton county had grown rich by the capital being located here, and though she had not participated in the frauds, at the same time she had been benefitted by them, for all the criminals had spent their money here.

Mr. Bryan, of Henry, said this was an extraordinary case. These prosecutions were made by special act of the Legislature, and Fulton county should be reimbursed.

Mr. Glenn said that Fulton county was not responsible for Bullock's election, and for coming of the horde of thieves that followed him. On the contrary, she had given Gordon 400 majority. The prosecutions were specially ordered by the State, and he thought the State at large ought to share the expense.

Mr. Bush thought it was unfortunate that Fulton county was so situated, but being so situated she should be ready to bear the consequences.

Mr. Hoge said Fulton county was not before the Legislature begging for donations. He considered the bill highly meritorious. No right, property, or person had been violated. The Treasury of the State had been robbed; the whole State had been defrauded, and for that reason, Fulton county having borne all the expenses of said prosecutions, should be reimbursed to some extent. The county had already incurred an expense of over $10,000 in convicting a single criminal, H. O. Hoyt, but it was her determination to proceed with these prosecutions until the last thief was convicted, whether the State granted aid or not.

Mr. Glenn offered a substitute providing that the jail fees, witness fees, etc., incurred by such prosecutions be paid out of the State Treasury upon the bills for the same being made out by the Clerk of the Superior Court and approved by the Circuit Judge.

Mr. Pierce said these prosecutions were not the prosecutions of the people of Fulton county. The people of Fulton county had commenced the prosecutions and the Legislature had interfered, taken them in her own hands, and having done that, it should either pay for her own prosecutions or else abandon them altogether.

The question was then put and the bill was lost.

A PLANK MOVEMENT ON FINANCIAL SHARPERS

Mr. Scott introduced the following bill, which was read the first time:

Be it enacted, That so soon as this act shall have been passed by two-thirds of two successive Legislatures, and shall have been finally ratified upon, by a submission to the qualified voters of the State, in the manner provided by the Constitution; and that the Constitution of this State be amended so as to add the following, clause 4th, sec. 5, 3 art. of the same, to wit:

The General Assembly shall have no power to recognize as legal, or make provision by law for the payment of the illegal and fraudulent endorsement of the bonds of various railroad companies, and other bonds mentioned in the several acts of the Legislature, passed at the July and August session of 1872, declaring the State's non-liability upon the same.

Sec. 11. After this act shall have been passed by two-thirds, by successive Legislatures, as by the Constitution provided, it shall be the duty of the Governor, by his official proclamation, to make provision for submitting the amendment to the qualified voters of this State for final ratification or rejection at the next general election occurring more than sixty days after passing by two-thirds the second time as aforesaid.

AGRICULTURAL LAND SCRIP.

The House bill to establish colleges of agriculture and the mechanic arts was taken up. It provides for the division of the college land scrip fund.

A Senate bill having the same title was offered as a substitute.

Mr. Bryan, of Henry, moved the indefinite postponement of the whole matter. He was opposed to any division of this fund, except that one-fourth of the interest should be applied to the Atlanta colored university, by the trustees of the University of Georgia, and offered a resolution to that effect.

Mr. Bacon said if this land scrip was divided, there was no section of the State so much entitled to a portion of it as Milledgeville. She had been wronged out of the Capital. She had the necessary buildings and all the advantages of soil, climate and central location. Mr. Bacon made an earnest appeal that Milledgeville should receive a portion of the land scrip instead of Dahlonega. It was understood that Dahlonega and Milledgeville were allies, but now Dahlonega was arrayed against Milledgeville.

Mr. Scott said there was a proposition before Congress to donate more to this purpose. He thought it best that there should be only one College of Agriculture in the State, and that the donation of the fund to Athens was the best disposition that could have been made of it. Yet he was willing for Dahlonega to have $1,500 per year, and the Atlanta University one-quarter of the annual interest, all to be under the management of the Trustees of the University of Georgia, and to be disbursed under their direction.

Mr. Griffin, of Houston thought that some of this fund ought to be given to Milledgeville. It was proposed to donate all of it to Atlanta and places north of Atlanta. This was not equitable. Milledgeville had the buildings and land and ought to have some of this fund.

Mr. Phillips said at the proper time he would introduce a substitute providing for the establishment of an Agricultural College in the public buildings at Milledgeville, and give it two-thirds of the income of the land scrip; did not think this fund ought to be scattered; was opposed to Athens because the Agricultural and Literary Colleges would not work well together. The State had buildings in Milledgeville that could not profitably be used in any other way.

Mr. McWhorter moved to lay the House bill on the table. The motion prevailed and the Senate bill being a pending amendment in the nature of a substitute also, was laid on the table.

Mr. Bryan moved to suspend the rules to take up his resolution. Lost.

Messrs Nutting and Johnson, of Spalding, were allowed to enter their protest against the bill granting State aid to the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad.

Mr. Johnson of Spalding, offered a resolution that a majority shall suspend the rules. Laid on the table.

Leaves of absence were granted to Mr. Chastain, after Wednesday next, and to Mr. Davenport, after Thursday next, for the balance of the session.

Recessed till 3 o'clock P. M.

General News.

Denver has a saloon to every seven inhabitant.

Whortleberries sell this year in Rhode Island at four cents per quart.

A tree has been discovered, in California, which measures fourty-five feet in diameter.

The Olympic Theatre, of New York, has been closed for twice as much per annum as it ever brought before.

A woman, living in Polk county, N. C., has declared a dividend of seven children in two years. Pretty good investment for the "old man."

One inclosure in Texas embraces 170,000 acres, affording partronage for 50,000 head of cattle, which require 2,500 men on horseback to attend them.

☞ The straight-outs held a meeting in LaGrange. Judge Hiram Dennis, Chairman; Major J. L. Morgan, and C. H. C. Williams, Secretaries. Resolutions are for Smith, for a nomination at Louisville, and if a suitable one is not made, to vote for any party one chooses. Appointed H. W. Dallis, Sr., Dr. R. C. Cook, Dr. W. P. Ragland, H. D. Dallis, Jr., and Johnson Henderson, delegates to the Atlanta Convention.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Interesting News from the Metropolis.

Important Telegrams from Various Quarters.

The Belfast Riot Still Progressing.

Financial and Commercial.

NEW YORK, August 20.—The first invoice of new South Carolina rice was received yesterday from Charleston, being the earliest ever received here.

The weather continues extremely hot and sultry, notwithstanding the heavy rain last night.

There were seventeen cases of sunstroke yesterday.

The steamship City of Havana has arrived from Havana via Jaxcro. She brings advices to the effect that the fears of a war between Brazil and the Argentine Confederation were being dissipated.

The rain storm and tornadoes did great damage to the bridges and fences in Sullivan, Deleware and Chemung counties, in this State.

Five hundred manufacturers are represented at the Newark Exposition, which opens to-day.

The German Turner festival closed at Jones' Woods this morning, after keeping up the festival all night.

Greeley is to deliver three agricultural addresses during the coming few weeks.

West Virginia advices say the contest is growing very exciting as the election draws near. The majority will be less than 2,000 either way.

No new cases of yellow fever on board the ships anchored in the bay. The crews are getting along very well.

Professor Charles L. Balch, a prominent member of the Liberal Club, died here yesterday from an over dose of morphine, taken to relieve neuralgia.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, August 20.—Considerable excitement was created here last night by Tibbs Goss, a colored Greeley speaker, who stated that he was called on by a party of colored men in the night and notified to leave the city. He was advertised to speak at Covington to-night. There was a large force of police on hand to protect him. All efforts failed to discover the names of the threatening parties. Very few colored men attended the meeting to-night and there was no disturbance.

The colored men of this city have issued a call for a meeting to-morrow night in behalf of free speech.

CHICAGO, ILL., August 20.—The greatest excitement prevailed this afternoon in the wheat market, which was caused by an apparent or real collapse of a corner in that cereal. White opened on change this morning at $1 55¾ cash or seller for August, and before the close, under the pressure of panic, declined to $1 28. Opinions differ as to whether the corner is really broken or not. To-morrow's market is anxiously awaited.

BALTIMORE, MD., August 20.—Rev. Dr. Thomas E. Bond, a distinguished eloquent divine of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, for a long time connected with the Baltimore Episcopal Methodist published here, and recently the editorial writer for the St. Louis Christian Advocate, died yesterday at his residence in Hartford county, Maryland; aged 59.

EVANSVILLE, IND., August 20.—The colored Greeley meeting adjourned in great disorder last evening, owing to the numerous calls for favorite colored Republican speakers.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., August 20.—O'Baldwin is now here, and Mace was expected this morning. It is rumored that the fight will take place in Canada, near Niagara Falls, within 48 hours.

LONDON, ENG., August 20.—The rioting in Belfast is continued without abatement. Yesterday, despite warning by a proclamation of the Mayor and Magistrates, the fighting was kept up by pasties of rioters in various quarters with stones, bludgeons and fire arms. The Magistrates began yesterday to swear in special constables to assist in suppressing disturbances. A proclamation was issued by the Mayor authorizing troops holding streets to fire upon all riotous assemblages offering resistance. All the stores were closed and business entirely suspended. Additional troops were sent for and are expected to reach Belfast to-day.

LATER.—The mob yesterday attacked three large warehouses, and made a complete wreck of the interior buildings, carrying off every portable article and demolishing other merchandise. The Magistrates, becoming convinced of inability to restore order, surrendered the control of the city into the hands of the military, thus practically establishing martial law. The commanding officer of the troops has issued a proclamation warning all to quietly disperse, citizens to remain in their houses, and stating that every person found on the streets would be looked on as a rioter and treated accordingly. All public houses have received orders to close their doors, and not to reopen them until permitted by the authorities.

TORONTO, CANADA, August 20.—An Ottawa correspondent to the Toronto Leader says there is some foundation for the rumor that Cuban agents are at work in Montreal endeavoring to enlist men to serve in the Cuban army. The government has been apprised of the fact and will issue a proclamation warning Her Majesty's subjects against the enlistment of persons for service with the insurgents in Cuba, or flitting out ships for like service.

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, August 20.—The Board of Arbitration had a five hours session yesterday. Sir Randell Parmer was not present. The speeches of the counsel have been printed, and it is expected that information of the proceedings of the board will soon be furnished to the press.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, August 20.—Cotton quiet but firm; sales 983 bales; uplands 21½; Orleans 22¼.

Flour 10a15c lower. Wheat very dull and nominally lower. Corn dull and declining. Pork steady; mess $13 90a14. Lard dull; steam 8¼a9¼. Turpentine dull at 50a51. Rosin quiet at $3 75 for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks dull. Moneyeasy at 3. Gold very weak at 13⅝. Exchange—long 8½; short 9¼. Governments weak.

LONDON, August 20.—Noon.—Consols opened 92¼, money; 93 account. Bonds, 62a, 92¾.

LIVERPOOL, August 20—noon.—Cotton opened quiet; uplands 9¼a9½; Orleans 10¼; sales estimated at 8,000 bales.

LATER.—Cotton quiet; uplands 9½; Orleans 10¼a10½; sales 10,000; speculation and export 2,000 bales.

Corn 27s.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, }
ATLANTA, August 20, 10 o'clock, A. M. }

COTTON quiet at 18½.

EXCHANGE.—Buying at par; selling ¼ premium.

FINANCIAL.—We quote money at 1½ per month. Gold buying at 113; selling at 115 Silver buying at 107; selling at 110.

BONDS AND STOCKS.—Georgia 6s 75a77; 7s 82a84; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s, 73a75; 8s 83a85. Augusta 83a85. Georgia Railroad stock 95a97; Georgia Railroad bonds 95a98. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock 93a95; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds 98a100. Macon and Western Railroad stock 98a100. Atlanta National Bank stock 110.

FACTORY GOODS.—BROWN DOMESTICS—Graniteville, 7-8, 11½; Trion, 7-8, 11½; Augusta 7-8, 11½; Graniteville, 4-4, 13; Trion, 4-4, 13; Augusta, 4-4, 13; Graniteville, 3-4 9½; Augusta, 3-4, 9½; light osnaburgs 14; heavy osnaburgs 17c; Yarns $1 60; Bagging 17½a19½; Ties 9

FLOUR.—Fancy $10 00; extra family $9 00 a9 50; family $8 25a8 50; superfine $5 50a6 50.

GRAIN.—We quote white corn 90a93; yellow and mixed 80a83. Wheat best quality $1 45a1 55; common Georgia red $1 40. Oats 55a60. Rye 90a$1 00.

HAY.—Western timothy $37a38; Georgia new crop $30a35.

GROCERIES.—We quote: Sugars—Crushed, Granulated and Powdered 14¼a14¾. Coffee A 13½; for Extra C 13; Yellow C 12¼a12½; Brown 11¼a13. Tallow 7. Liverpool salt, $2 15; Virginia salt $2. The various brands of soap from Excelsior Steam Soap Works of Atlanta, from 6a7½c per box. Georgia Soap Factory—5a7c per pound. Candles—full weights 21a21½. Ginger 15. Pepper 25. Corn meal 92a95. Starch 6a10. Rice 9¼a 10 for tierces. Java Coffee 33a35. Rio 23a26. New Orleans syrup 70a75; Molasses—hhds. 29; bbls. 32. Cheese, factory, 17a18.

BULK MEATS—We quote shoulders 8; clear sides 10½; clear rib sides 10½.

BACON—We quote shoulders 9; clear sides 11½; clear rib sides 11½; country hams 12½a13; S. C. hams 16½a18.

LARD.—We quote buckets, 12½; cans, 12½ tierces, 11.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Buying prices from wagons. Eggs 18; chickens 23½; country butter 20a35.

VEGETABLES.—Selling prices: Beans scarce at 15c per peck; beets 10c per bunch; onions $3 00 per bushel; Irish potatoes 35c per peck; Western 40c; cabbage 15 to 20 cents; roasting ears 10 to 20 cents per dozen; squashes 10 per dozen; cucumbers 15a25 per dozen; tomatoes 5a10 cents per quart. Okra 5 cents per quart. Sweet Potatoes 75c per peck.

FRUIT.—Peaches 60 cents per bushel; apples 40 cents per bushel; melons 5 to 10 cents by wagon load; grapes 10 to 15 cents per pound, retail.

Educational.

BOARDING SCHOOL.

THE MISSES LANE, No. 49 West 48th Street, New York city, will re-open their BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, on Monday, September 23d. For circular or reference apply by mail, or to J. F. BOZEMAN, M. D., of this city. july23—d2m

THE Board of Trustees of the Miller Agricultural Foundation in the University of Virginia, will proceed, on the 18th of September next, to nominate a "Professor of Scientific and Practical Agriculture," (embracing Natural History) to be elected by the Board of Visitors. The emolument of the Professorship will be a salary of $4,000, house rent $300, and the tuition fees of the school to the amount of $1,000. Should they reach that sum. Candidates for the position will send their application and testimonials to Chas. S. Venable, Chairman of the Faculty, P. O. University of Va. R. T. W. Duke, Sec'y of the Miller Board of Trustees. July30—d2awtiw

ROANOKE COLLEGE.

THIS Institution, located at Salem, Va., will open its next session with a full Corps of Professors, on the 6TH OF SEPTEMBER.

ENTIRE EXPENSE FOR A TEN MONTHS' SESSION:

By Boarding in Private Families..... $230 00
" " College and Boarding House..... 200 00
" " Clubs..... 150 00

aug8 deod1m D. F. BITTLE, President.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA, Charlottesville.

THE session commences on October 1st. The Institution embraces an Academic Department, and Departments of Law, Medicine, Engineering and Agriculture. For Catalogues, apply to WM. WERTENBAKER, Secretary of the Faculty, P. O. University of Va. CHAS. S. VENABLE, Chairman of the Faculty. aug2—d2awtiw

LUCY COBB INSTITUTE, ATHENS, GA.,

MRS. A. E. WRIGHT, Principal,

WILL open on the 11th day of September, 1872, with a full corps of Teachers.

For circulars and further information, apply to Principal, or to JOHN H. NEWTON, President.

LAMAR COBB, Secretary Board of Trustees. aug21-d4w—sun&wednes

Wesleyan Female College, MACON, GEORGIA.

THE THIRTY-FIFTH ANNUAL SESSION WILL begin October 7th, 1872.

For Catalogues containing full information, address REV. R. H. MYERS, D. D., or C. W. SMITH, Secretary Faculty. aug6-dtoct7

Monroe Female College.

THE NEXT ANNUAL SESSION of this Institution will begin AUGUST 26th, 1872.

The College edifice has been refitted, the Lecture and Assembly Rooms supplied with new Furniture, the Campus enlarged, an observatory constructed and other important appliances secured.

For further particulars apply to R. T. ASBURY, President of the Faculty, or J. S. LAWTON, M. D., President Board of Trustees. ANDREW DUNN, Secretary. Forsyth, Ga., August 7th, 1872—d2w

ON MARRIAGE.

HAPPY RELIEF FOR YOUNG MEN from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes.

Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 Son's Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.—an institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. aug16-d4wlm

CIVIL & MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

AT THE RENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, TROY, NEW YORK.

INSTRUCTION very practical. Advantages unsurpassed in this country. Graduates obtain excellent positions. Re-opens Sept. 11. For the Annual Register, containing improved Course of Study, and full particulars, address PROF. CHARLES DROWNE, Director. aug6-d2m

THE KENNESAW HOUSE, MARIETTA, GEORGIA,

HAS still Forty Rooms left, (neatly furnished) for Summer Visitors, for whom every accommodation will be provided, as also Horse and Accommodate. FLETCHER & FOSTER, Proprietors. W. R. OLDS, Assistant. june29—2m

WANTED,

A PARTNER with at least $3,000, Cash Capital, in an established business, where the article manufactured is in constant demand, or an assistant with $1,000 to $1,500, cash, with whom a liberal arrangement would be made. Address Box 288 P. O. aug25—2tf

Academy of St. Cecilia.

THE attention of Parents and Guardians is called to this Institution, which is most beautifully situated about a mile from the city.

The Literary Course

is thorough, and the terms as moderate as those of any first-class Academy in the South.

Address MOTHER SUPERIOR, Academy of St. Cecilia, aug18-dtuwsatw2t Nashville, Tenn.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE!

Atlanta and New Orleans

SHORT LINE! ALL RAIL!

Only one Change of Cars between Atlanta and New Orleans.

ON and after July 30th, 1872, Double Daily Passenger Trains will run on this line as follows:

Leave Atlanta	1 35 A. M
Arrive at Montgomery	6 45 P. M
Leave Atlanta	7 05 P. M
Arrive at Montgomery	5 51 A. M
Leave Montgomery	6 10 P. M
Arrive at Mobile	4 30 A. M
Leave Montgomery	4 50 A. M
Arrive at Mobile	4 45 P. M
Leave Mobile	5 05 A. M
Arrive at

The Daily Constitution

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE COUNTY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

Morning Edition.

ATLANTA:

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1872.

TO LAWYERS.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION exclusively, by the Reporter of the Court.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HORACE GREELEY,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

B. GRATZ BROWN,

OF MISSOURI.

State Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JAMES M. SMITH,

OF MUSCOGEE.

☞ Judge James S. Hook is suggested for Congress in the 8th District.

General Gordon.

General Gordon will deliver his speech tonight, at 8 o'clock, at DeGive's Opera House.

Rev. S. Landrum.

We are glad to learn that this estimable divine is hopefully convalescing. His many friends will be gratified by this news.

☞ A card of Col. Jack Brown denying the report about him will be given in our evening edition. It is crowded out this morning by Supreme Court matter.

☞ Col. John B. Weems, the Democratic sub-elector for Bibb, appointed by the State Committee, already announces his purpose to take the field. Let similar promptness be shown every where.

☞ The Macon Telegraph urgently indorses the recommendation of the Democratic Executive Committee of the State that the Legislature give us a registry law to secure the purity of the ballot box.

To subscribers.

Some of our subscribers, who took the paper for a month, during the session of the Legislature, are notified that their time will soon be out. We would be glad to have them subscribe for the campaign, till November 20th. Daily, for the campaign $2 50. Clubs of ten subscribers for $2 00 each.

The Greeley Drift.

Hon. E. A. Rollins, Chairman of the Maine Grant State Committee; Horatio King, Buchanan's Postmaster General; Col James Watson Webb, formerly editor of the New York Courier and Enquirer, thirty-two Republican members of the Iowa Legislature; Gov Stephen G. Harding, of Milan, Indiana; a pioneer of Republicanism; Hon. Galusha Grow, one of the most influential Republicans of Pennsylvania; are all recently out for Greeley.

Anomalous.

Perhaps no more anomalous and remarkable spectacle was ever presented than is now shown by the Democrats who are holding back from support of Greeley.

For seven long years they have been groaning under and seeking to remove the iniquitous oppressions of Radical rule.

So odious had that rule become that Greeley and a large body of Republicans revolted from it.

Yet these Democrats declare that a movement to overthrow that bad rule is not preferable to aiding that rule to continue its enmities.

The folly of such a course is inexplicable. The change to remove tyranny is at last at hand, and we are called upon to reject it because Greeley is the instrument of delivery.

Democratic State Executive Committee.

State at Large—Col. John L. Harris, of Glynn; Hon. Warren Aikn, of Bartow; Hon. Nelson Tift, of Dougherty; Hon. J. H. Christie, of Clarke.

First District—Hon. John C. Nicholls, of Pierce; Hon. James H. Hunter, of Brooks.

Second District—Hon. Herbert Fielder, of Randolph; Hon. T. M. Furlow, of Sumter.

Third District—Hon. E. H. Worrell, of Talbot; Major J. C. Wooten, of Coweta.

Fourth District—Colonel J. S. Boynton, of Spalding; Hon. T. G. Lawson, of Putnam.

Fifth District—Hon. Augustus Reese, of Morgan; Hon. Joseph B. Jones, of Burke.

Sixth District—Col. Thomas S. Morris, of Franklin; Col. J. B. Estes, of Hall.

Seventh District—Colonel I. W. Avery, of Fulton; Hon. L. F. Trammell, of Whitfield.

HON. THOMAS HARDEMAN, JR., Chairman.

COL. I. W. AVERY, Secretary.

The "Straights."

Our state press is speaking out in kind yet emphatic terms of the "straight" movement

The Clayton Times well says:

They seem to overlook the fact that in their opposition to Mr. Greeley they are only assisting the most infamous faction that ever gained foot-hold in any civilized country in riveting tighter the bands of tyranny and oppression upon a brave, patriotic and noble people.

The Macon Telegraph thus speaks:

Greeley or Grant—that's the alternative There is, there can be no middle ground, no third person, and these men know it. Away, then, with such folly—such blundering unwisdom that is as criminal as it is stupid:

Says a correspondent in the Gainesville Eagle:

These old veterans likening, Phil Cook and hundreds of others, are true and *tried* men. They are not carpet-baggers or one-horse politicians that would sell out to an enemy for *place*. They are all for Horace Greeley. The officers of the Southern army are for him. *The privates will follow.*

The Talbotton Standard puts it well thus:

The proposed action of the "Straight-out Democrats," can but tend to distract our councils and throw fire brands into the ranks of the staunch liberal and progressive Democracy of State. What can their object be? What good is to result from their declaration of a platform on which all the true sons of Georgia are now standing?

Says the Augusta Constitutionalist:

If the Democrats so will it, and so declare by their votes, Horace Greeley will be the next President by an overwhelming majority. But if a very considerable number of them in each State vote for Grant, or refuse to vote at all, or vote for a third ticket, the probabilities are that we will have another four years of the Military Mess and Radical rule.

TAX ON PRINTING MATERIAL.—We see the Governor sent in a message to the Senate on Thursday recommending the remission of the accumulated tax since 1868 on printing materials, as we understand the statement. The message itself is not given. Such a remission, as we have shown heretofore, and the Governor does himself honor by taking the responsibility of recommending it, when he was not obliged to do so.—*Telegraph and Messenger*, 17th.

An Outrage.

The private boxes of the Post Office yesterday morning were pounded by the distribution of a vile incendiary poster under the frank of Congressman Whiteley. It is a Radical campaign document, containing an indecent cut of Greeley gloating over Southern misfortunes. The saying on which the picture is founded has been proven to have been written, not by Greeley, but by a Grant editor. The document has other sayings calculated to make hate that Greeley never said.

This same cut was published by Scruggs' paper, the Great Atlanta Whig.

Where falsehoods are thus deliberately printed and circulated, and this at the cost of the people, under the authority of Congressional franks, it demands the fullest expression of condemnation.

But when law is violated in this outrage, it becomes a still more serious matter. The law of the frank is this:

Fourth—Senators, Representatives and Delegates in Congress, and the Secretary of the Senate and Clerk of the House of Representatives, to cover their correspondence, and all printed matter issued by authority of Congress and all speeches, proceedings and debates in Congress.

Congressman Whiteley has deliberately violated the law in franking such matter.

Greeley's Past.

In narrowing the issue down to Greeley's past conduct the most preposterous blunder is committed. Mr. Greeley's personal individuality is now merged into his representative character as the leader of the great popular movement for reform and better rule.

Mr. Stephens himself indorsed the movement by accepting Mr. Davis, one of its leaders. The spirit and purposes of that movement are not altered by the personality of its candidate. It is as much as it ever was an attempt for better government. Whether Mr. Greeley or Mr. Davis were chosen to head it, its object was and is one that Democrats can indorse and help.

The issue is not Greeley's record, but whether we shall have honest and constitutional government, represented now by Greeley or corrupt and centralized tyranny represented by Grant.

This is the light in which the question should be viewed, and its settlement determined.

In this view it is an imperative duty to support Greeley and give success to the idea he represents, and all opposition to him is practical aid to Grant and the despotism he typifies.

The "Straight" Convention.

The "Straight" Convention yesterday disappointed others if it did not its friends. Our reporter counted 57 delegates from 2 counties out of 136, and the bulk of those were from Fulton and Cobb. We have not read of ten counties appointing delegates, and we have looked the State papers closely. A resolution was passed to allow unrepresented counties to pick up delegates.

In all courtesy to the gentlemen engaged a flatter, tamer affair could not have happened. The proceedings are reported in another column. One of the delegates appointed to Louisville was appointed without authority, and his name has been withdrawn.

Greeley Meeting.

The campaign is beginning in earnest in Georgia.

On Saturday Rome had a splendid mass meeting. Dr. Miller and Ben Hill made strong speeches.

Colonel J. D. Mathews made speeches in Augusta and Warrenton to large meetings.

The Pierce county Democracy had a large and enthusiastic meeting on the 17th and was addressed by Colonel John L. Harris and Colonel S. W. Baker.

Col. E. F. Hoge for Congress.

Editors Constitution: As it will soon become necessary for the Democrats of the Fifth Congressional District to select a standard bearer for the approaching campaign it devolves upon them to exercise more than ordinary caution in their choice of a candidate.

Many of the citizens of the Fifth District are thinking of Colonel E. F. Hoge, of Fulton, as a suitable candidate for Congress. It would be indeed difficult to name a more fit and proper selection. Born a Georgian and a Democrat Colonel Hoge's career during the war, and since the surrender, has endeared him to his fellow-citizens and won golden opinions from every source. Of his war record it is unnecessary to speak. The Colonel of the gallant Ninth still bears his honorable scars—decorations far more valuable to the soldier than medals, crosses and stars. As the President of the Young Men's Democratic Club of Fulton County, the first organization of the kind in the State, Colonel Hoge fought manfully against Bullock, the carpet-bagger, and in the Legislature his conduct has been that of the statesman and the patriot. His speech against Gov. Conley's veto of the election bill will be recollected as one of the most powerful and convincing efforts ever made in the Georgia Legislature. As one of the business members of the House he has been invaluable. If the Democrats of the Fifth District nominate Colonel Hoge for Congress they may rest assured that they will have a Representative whose integrity, ability and eloquence will make him one of the most influential and effective men in our Federal Councils. DEMOCRAT.

ATLANTA, GA., August 20, 1872.

Editors Constitution: At a meeting of the Democratic Senators and representatives of the Fifth Congressional District held in Atlanta on this day to suggest the time and place for holding a convention to nominate a candidate for Congress, Hon. L. J. Glenn, of Fulton, was called to the chair and Hon. John H. Baker, of Pike, requested to act as Secretary.

The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That a convention of the people of the Fifth Congressional District be held in Griffin on Thursday, the 12th day of September, for the purpose of nominating a Democratic candidate for Congress.

Resolved, That the counties be entitled to twice as many delegates as they have representatives in the House of Representatives.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in all the Democratic papers of the district.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

L. J. GLENN, Chairman.

John H. Baker, Secretary.

Democratic papers please copy.

"Father, I step in all your tracks."

One bright winter's morning, after a snowstorm, a father took his hat for a walk to attend to some farm affairs requiring attention. As he started his little boy of five summers also snatched his hat, and followed the father with mock dignity, and an assumed business like air. When they reached the door the gentleman noticed that no track or pathway had been made in the snow, and he hesitated about letting his boy follow him. But the soft, fleecy snow looked so tempting, so pearly white, that he concluded to allow the child to walk after him. He took short strides through the untrodden snow, when suddenly remembering his little boy he paused, looked back for him, and exclaimed:

"Well, my son, don't you find it had work to walk in this deep snow?"

"Oh, no," said the boy, "I'm coming; for, father, I step in all of your tracks."

True enough, the dear child was planting his tiny feet just where the parent had trodden. The child's reply startled the father, as he reflected that thus would his child keep pace with him, and follow in his tracks through life. He was not a friend to Jesus—not a man of prayer, and not a Christian; and well might he pause and tremble as he thought of his child, ever striving to "step in all of his tracks," onward, onward through life's mysterious mazes and myths, toward eternity! The little boy's reply brought that strong, stubborn-hearted man to think, when even the preached word of God had made no impression upon him. Finally he repented, and sought and found peace in believing in Christ. We believe he is now making such tracks through life that at some day that son may be proud to say, "Father, I step in all of your tracks."

DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

Delivered in Atlanta, Tuesday, August 20, 1872.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

S. D. Arnold vs. The State. Assault and battery, from Houston.

WARNER, C. J.

The defendant was indicted for an assault and battery, and on the trial of the case, the jury found him guilty. A motion was made for a new trial, on the grounds of error in the charge of the Court, that the verdict was contrary to law and the evidence, and for newly discovered evidence. There was no error in the charge of the Court to the jury, in view of the facts as disclosed by the record. The verdict of the jury was not contrary to the law and the evidence, but strictly in accordance therewith. The newly discovered evidence is merely of a *cumulative* character, and would not even *probably* have changed the result. Besides, the defendant must have known who were present at the time of the difficulty, or might have known upon inquiry, and if he had used ordinary diligence, could have ascertained what they knew about the transaction before the trial. Courts do not favor applications for new trials on the ground of newly discovered evidence.

Let the judgment of the Court below be affirmed.

Duncan & Miller, for plaintiff in error.

E. W. Crocker, Solicitor General, represented by Poe, Hall & Poe, for the State.

C. A. Nutting et al. vs. Thomason and wife et al. Equity, from Bibb.

WARNER, C. J.

The complainants filed their bill against the defendants to recover forty shares of stock in the South western Railroad Company, which had been sold by the administrator of Wakeman at private sale. On the trial of the case, as it appears from the evidence in the record, it was proved that on the 28th of December, 1865, Usher, the administrator of Wakeman, sold and transferred to Nutting twenty-five shares of the stock at private sale; that on the 21st of March, 1866, Usher, the administrator, sold and transferred to Cubbedge, Caldwell & Co. fifteen shares of the stock at private sale, the transfer of the stock in each case being signed by Usher as administrator of Wakeman. On the 21st of March, 1866, Cubbedge, Caldwell & Co. sold and transferred the fifteen shares purchased by them to J. S. Pope, and on the 5th day of September, 1866, Pope sold and transferred the same fifteen shares to James Stinson. The twenty-five shares of stock purchased by Nutting was not traced into the hands of any particular person as the holder thereof, but Nutting had long since disposed of it. The Court charged the jury "that the Supreme Court have decided that the sale of the stock by Usher, was utterly null and void, and conveyed no title to the purchasers. The Supreme Court have also decided, that the company is not responsible to the heirs, but that the purchasers of the stock are. I charge you, that if Nutting and Cubbedge & Hazlehurst purchased this stock from Usher at private sale, they got no title, and are liable to these complainants for the value of the stock and the dividends they have received on the same. If Nutting and Cubbedge & Hazlehurst have disposed of the stock, and can trace it into the hands of others, they will not be liable, if they cannot trace it, they are themselves still liable." The jury found a verdict against Nutting for the value of the twenty five shares of stock purchased by him, and for the dividends received by him thereon, with interest on said dividends from 1st March, 1866. The jury found a verdict against Stinson for the value of the fifteen shares of stock purchased by him, which he might discharge, by the delivery of the stock purchased by him, with all dividends received thereon, and also found against him $412 50 for dividends received by him on the stock with interest on said dividends from the 15th July, 1868. The defendants made a motion for a new trial on the grounds of error in the charge of the Court to the jury, and for refusing to charge as requested as set forth in the record and because the verdict was contrary to law and evidence which motion was overruled and the defendants excepted. In view of the facts of this case, as disclosed in the record, we think the charge of the Court to the jury was error especially in regard to the liability of Stinson, who appears to have been a *bona fide* purchaser for value of fifteen shares of stock from Pope without notice of the fraud in the sale of the stock by Usher, the administrator, to Cubbedge, Caldwell & Co. When this case was before the Court at a former term on a demurrer to the complainant's bill, this Court decided that the complainants had the right to maintain their suit against the defendants upon the allegations made in their bill, that the sale of the stock made by the administrator should have been made under the law at public sale, that the railroad company was not liable for allowing the transfer of the stock to be made by the administrator of Wakeman on the books of the company, that in view of the facts of the case, the company should be made a party and also that the holders of the stock should be made parties when discovered. This Court did not decide, and could not have decided, that the sale of the stock by Usher was utterly null and void and conveyed no title especially as to *bona fide* purchasers who were not then before the Court and there is nothing in the reported judgment of this Court to authorize such a conclusion. (See S. W. R. Company vs. Thomasson, 40th Ga. Rep., 408. The 2514th section of the Code declares that all sales by administrators (except of annual crops sent off to market and of vacant lands) shall be at public outcry between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M., and 4 o'clock P. M., but this section of the Code does not declare that a sale made in any other manner shall be void. The decisions made by this Court before the adoption of the Code, in relation to administrator's sales of land and negroes went upon the ground that there must be a judgment of the Court of Ordinary granting leave to sell that specific kind of property before the title could be divested. There was no order of the Ordinary required under the provisions of the Code for leave to sell this stock by the administrator, but he was required to sell it at public sale. Now, the question is, if the administrator of the estate does collude with the purchaser of the stock, and sells it to him at private sale, and such purchaser of the stock at private sale afterwards sells it to a *bona fide* purchaser for value, without notice that it was purchased of the administrator at private sale in fraud of the rights of the parties interested therein, will such *bona fide* purchaser of the stock be protected in a Court of equity? This is an important question to the purchasers of stock in railroad companies. It was said on the argument of this case that the *bona fide* purchaser of the stock stood in no better condition than the *bona fide* purchaser of stolen property; that inasmuch as the thief had no title to the property stolen, those who purchased it from him derived title under or through him, acquired no better title than he had, and he having none, the *bona fide* purchaser would acquire none. The thief who steals the property of another has no right or claim to it, either under color of title or otherwise. Is that a parallel case to the one made in the record now before us? There can be no dispute that the legal title to this stock was in Usher the administration of Wakeman. It is true that he held the legal title to the stock in trust for the benefit of the heirs and creditors of his intestate. Code 2447. In violation of his duty as such trustee, he conveyed the legal title to the purchasers at a private sale of the stock in fraud of the law which required him to sell it at public sale, and in fraud of the legal rights of his *cestui que trusts* that it should be so sold, and as between him and the purchaser, the sale was not absolutely void, but voidable at the election of the parties interested in that sale, in the same manner as a private sale of land by an administrator under an obligation to perfect the title by legal formality.—Code 2525. As between the original parties to the sale and purchase of this stock, it was optional with the complainants whether they would ratify it or act aside on account of the fraud in the sale of it, as between the administrator and the purchasers thereof from him. The purchasers from the administrator of the stock, under the facts disclosed in this record, were not innocent purchasers without notice. The certificates of the transfer of the stock to them on the books of the company was signed by Usher, as the administrator of Wakeman, and if they thought proper to trust to Usher, as their agent to make the transfer, and bring them scrip for the stock in their own names, without looking into his title thereto, it was their own fault and negligence, for which the law will hold them responsible.

If the original purchasers of this stock purchased it from the administrator at private sale, with actual knowledge that it was the property of his intestate, or under such circumstances as the law will charge them with notice, and have either appropriated it to their own use, or sold it to others, then they are liable to the complainants for a conversion of it, such purchase being a fraud upon their rights.

A title obtained by fraud, though voidable in the vendee, will be protected in a *bona fide* purchaser without notice—Code 2508. Stinson purchased the fifteen shares of stock from Pope to whom Cubbedge, Caldwell & Co., the original purchasers from Usher, had sold it. It appears from the evidence in the record that Stinson was a *bona fide* purchaser of the fifteen shares of stock for value, without notice of the fraud in the sale thereof between Usher, the administrator, and Cubbedge, Caldwell & Co., and as such *bona fide* purchaser is entitled to be protected in his title thereto, and the Court should have so instructed the jury in its charge upon that question made in the case. In the absence of any fraud or collusion on the part of the company, the mere transfer of the stock on the book thereof by the direction of the administrator to the purchaser of the stock will not make the company liable as a guarantor or warrantor of the vendor's title to the stock. The purchaser of the stock must look to him from whom he purchased it.—Central Railroad and Banking Company vs. Ward et al., 37th Ga. Rep. 531. In our judgment the Court below should have granted a new trial for error in the charge of the Court to the jury, and on the ground that the verdict was contrary to the law and the evidence so far as the defendant, Stinson, is concerned.

Let the judgment of the Court below be reversed and a new trial granted.

Nisbett & Jackson, A. O. Bacon, for plaintiffs in error.

White & Gustin, Lyon & Irwin, W. K. deGraffenried, B. & W. B. Hill, Jackson, Lawton & Bassinger, for defendants.

W. A. Cherry vs. Milo S. Freeman et al. Equity, from Bibb.

McCAY, J.

Under the provisions of the Revised Code, Sec. 2,708, 2,739 and 2,123, accommodation indorsers were of a negotiable security, payable at a chartered bank, are considered as securities merely, and if one pays off the debt he can compel the others to contribute.

Affirmed

Jemison & Nisbet, for plaintiff in error.

Lanier & Anderson, for defendants.

J. D. Gilbert vs. James Dent. Assumpsit, from Bibb.

McCAY, J.

When a suit was brought on a promissory note, signed by one claiming to be the agent of the defendant, and there was some evidence that the defendant had accepted knowingly the consideration, for which the note was given.

HELD, That it was error in the Court to rule out the note as evidence. The case should have been submitted to the jury under the charge of the Court, as the effect of the defendants' act, should they believe he had accepted knowingly the consideration for which the note was given.

Judgment reversed.

Lyon & Irwin, for plaintiff in error.

Lanier & Anderson, for defendant.

G. R. Roberts, survivor, vs. Mary M. Hubbard et al., administrators of W. B. Oliver. Foreclose of Mortgage, from Bibb.

McCAY, J.

Where rule *nisi* as to foreclose a mortgage alleged that the mortgage was executed by a partnership to a parcel of land and that the proceedings were against one as surviving partner, the other being dead, and the surviving partner filed a plea, setting forth that the land included in the mortgage was not partnership property, though owned by the partners as tenants in common, and the plea was demurred to and the demurrer sustained.

Held, that as there was no denial that the mortgage to the property was made by the partners, as such, and as, if this were so, it would estop the parties from denying title in the partnership the plea was properly overruled.

Judgment affirmed.

A. O. Bacon, for plaintiffs in error.

Poe, Hall & Poe, for defendants.

C. C. Duncan, administrator, et al. vs. Sallie Pope. Equity, from Bibb.

MONTGOMERY, J.

1. A bastard, acknowledged and supported by its father in his life time, cannot (in the absence of any contract for its support by the father) by suit against his administrator compel him, under section 1789 of the Code, to furnish maintenance out of the estate of his intestate to such bastard during his minority, even though the father may have stated that he intended the child should be supported out of his estate after his death.

2. If the heirs of the father make a deed to the bastard of their interest in realty, held by the father in his life time as tenant in common with another, the bastard takes such interest as the heirs held at the date of the deed, and is entitled to a partition as between himself and the other tenant in common.

3. A promise by the administrator to secure the whole of the land so held in common to the bastard is beyond his authority, and does not bind the estate.

4. A grantor cannot deliver a deed to the grantee or his attorney as an escrow. Such a delivery would be equivalent to adding a parol condition to the instrument. To make the deed an escrow it should be delivered to a third person to be by him delivered to the grantee upon the performance of any required condition.

5. No exceptions can be heard in this Court that were not made in the Court below, even where the record shows that such exceptions might have been there made, had the plaintiff in error chosen to do so.

Judgment affirmed, with instructions.

D. P. Lyon, E. F. Best, for plaintiffs in error.

A. O. Bacon, T. J. Simmons, for defendant.

W. L. Carr, Executor, vs. David H. Houser, Equity, from Houston.

MONTGOMERY, J.

A purchase by a receiver, as agent of another, of property sold at his own sale, made under order of court, is voidable at the election of a party having a beneficial interest in the property, and when such election is promptly made, the sale will be set aside.

Judgment reversed.

Warren & Grice, for plaintiff in error.

Duncan & Miller, R. W. Jemison, for defendant.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE—AFTERNOON SESSION.

TUESDAY, August 20, 1872.

Senate met at 3:30 P. M.

House bills read third time:

To change the lines between the counties of Baldwin and Wilkinson. Referred to Committee on New Counties and County Lines.

To repeal an act requiring the authorities of Darien to appoint inspectors of lumber and timber. Passed.

To transfer Echols county to the Southern Circuit from the Brunswick Circuit. Amended and passed.

To provide for the investment of certain school funds in Bryan county. Passed.

To amend an act incorporating Quitman. Passed.

For the relief of S. A. Dickey, Tax Collector of Thomas county, and his securities. Passed.

For the registration of voters in the town of Thomasville. Passed.

To revive an act to establish a county court in this State, so far as relates to the counties of Chattooga and Quitman. Passed.

To incorporate the Mutual Insurance Company of Georgia. Passed.

To incorporate Graysville.

Senator Erwin offered an amendment to extend the corporate limits of Hartwell.

Bill as amended passed.

For the relief of John F. Conley of Catoosa county. Passed.

To change the lines between the counties of Chattahoochee and Marion. Passed.

To allow James Donaldson, of Berrien county, to peddle without license. Passed.

To incorporate Smyrna. Passed.

To amend the charter of Albany relating to market regulations. Passed.

To amend act incorporating Thomson. Passed.

To incorporate the Etna Iron Manufacturing Company. Passed.

To allow voters of Effingham county to vote on the removal of the county site from Springfield to Guyton.

Senator Cone offered an amendment requiring four month's notice of election instead of sixty days.

Senator Lester presented a memorial from a large number of citizens protesting against the passage of the bill.

Bill amended and passed.

To incorporate the Steam Road Wagon Company of Georgia. Passed.

To amend act incorporating Darien Banking Company. Passed.

To consolidate the offices of Sheriff and Tax Collector in Jones county.

Senator Jordan offered an amendment to consolidate the offices of Sheriff, and Tax Collector, and Clerk of Superior Court, and Tax Receiver in Jasper county. Bill amended and passed.

To encourage the raising of shad in the Altamaha river. Passed.

To amend act incorporating Rome. Passed.

To amend act to exempt firemen from jury duty so far as relates to Macon. Passed.

To amend the charter of Calhoun. Passed.

To change the line between the counties of Gordon and Murray. Indefinitely postponed.

To amend section 3687 of the Code. Passed.

To make insurance companies liable in certain cases. Passed.

To amend second clause, sixth section, Constitution. Lost.

To authorize Mayor and Council of Gainesville to subscribe to railroads.

Senator Jordan offered an amendment to authorize the authorities of Monticello to issue bonds to the amount of $10,000 for stock in the Griffin, Madison and Monticello Railroad. Agreed to.

Bill amended and passed.

To incorporate the city of Dawson. Passed.

To authorize the Ordinary of Calhoun county to issue bonds for certain purposes Passed.

To authorize the Ordinary of Butts county to issue bonds to build a Court House Passed.

To amend section 1601 of the Code. Passed.

Senate bills read the third time:

To authorize the consolidation of the stock of the Macon and Western Railroad with the Central Railroad under the name of the Central Railroad. Passed.

To prescribe the form of action on Insurance Policies. Passed.

To authorize Richard J. Youngblood to practice medicine. Passed.

Yeas 19, nays 18.

Senator Kibbee moved that when the Senate adjourn it adjourn to meet at 8½ o'clock P. M. Lost.

House bills read first and second time.

Senate then adjourned until 9 A. M. tomorrow.

HOUSE—AFTERNOON SESSION.

TUESDAY, August 20.

The House reassembled.

On motion of Mr. Simmons, of Hall, the rules were suspended and a Senate resolution, in relation to the lease of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, was concurred in.

Mr. Russell offered a resolution setting forth the importance of immigration and direct steam communication with Europe and requesting the next Legislature to enact a law to promote these ends.

Mr. Russell has made earnest efforts in this matter and but for the bitterness of the session would have been enabled to bring the same before this General Assembly on its merits. The resolution was agreed to. It is the most that can be done at this time.

The Senate amendment to the House resolution to fix the pay of the investigating committees, was concurred in. It allows the committees $10 per day.

Mr. Patillo gave notice of a motion to reconsider.

Mr. Glenn offered a resolution for the relief of David Clay. Referred to Finance Committee.

Mr. Putney offered a resolution tendering the use of this Hall to-morrow to the State Republican Convention for the afternoon and evening.

Mr. Pierce stated the Hall had been tendered to the straight Democrats only from 12 M. till 3 P. M., and moved that it be allowed the Republicans for the same time. The motion prevailed.

Bills on third reading:

To carry into effect clause 2, section 11, article 6 of the Constitution. Passed.

To allow the Ordinary of Irwin county to keep his office at his residence. Passed.

To extend aid to the North Georgia Agricultural College at Dahlonega. Tabled.

To incorporate the Rome and Cherokee Mutual Insurance Company. Passed.

To change the line between the counties of Fayette, Coweta, Spalding, Clayton and Campbell. Withdrawn.

For the relief of M. DeGraffenried. Lost.

To change the line between Mitchell and Colquitt counties. Lost.

To allow Tax Collectors to pay poll tax and taxes for educational purposes into the county treasuries. Passed.

To legalize bonds issued by the Ordinary of Coweta county to build a jail. Passed.

To repeal the charter of Hillsboro and incorporate South Rome. Passed.

To amend charter of Marietta Savings Bank. Passed.

To incorporate the village of Bluffton. Passed.

To legalize the marriage of Sanders White and Margaret Seath, of Decatur county. Passed.

To repeal act changing line between Baker and Early counties. Passed.

To incorporate the Montgomery Street and Fair Ground Railroad. Passed.

Mr. Glenn offered a resolution to prolong this session till 28th, which was read.

Bills on third reading continued.

To increase the pay of Tax Receivers in this State. Lost.

To change the line between Coffee and Ware counties. Passed.

To create a Board of Commissioners for Chattooga county. Withdrawn.

For the relief of W. P. Taylor, of Cherokee county. Amended and passed.

Mr. Hunter offered a resolution to be explanatory of the act granting aid to the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad.

It provides that the bonds shall not be sold for less than 80 cents on the dollar; that the Governor shall not indorse the bonds until the State of Alabama by statute allows to Georgia a first mortgage on the road and the right to seize that portion of the road in Alabama when necessary to protect the interest of Georgia, and that said bonds shall not be indorsed till the President and Directors shall accept the conditions of this resolution.

Mr. Bacon opposed the resolution.

Mr. Hall, of Upson, moved to amend by providing that the Governor shall in no case give the indorsement of the State for an amount more than half the sum actually subscribed by private parties to aid in the construction of the road west of Bainbridge.

Mr. Hunter accepted the amendment. He made an earnest speech in support of the resolution.

Mr. Anderson opposed the resolution.

Mr. Goode made a speech in favor of the resolution. He argued that the bill to be explanatory of which this resolution was offered, was a measure, the policy of which was good. There were no constitutional difficulties in the way, either of the bill or resolution, and he hoped the latter would be concurred in.

Mr. Richards called the previous question, and the call was sustained.

Mr. Pierce called for the yeas and nays.

The resolution was lost—yeas 59, nays 86

Mr. Baker of Bryan, gave notice of a motion to reconsider.

Bills on third reading resumed:

To authorize the Tax Collector of Pulaski county to receive the same pay as collector. Withdrawn.

To protect the rights and interests of minors and *femes covert*. Lost.

For the relief of Wm. Bagley. Lost.

Recessed till 8 o'clock P. M.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Kentucky War Claims Settled.

Matilda Heron in the Courts.

Hester Clymer Nominated for Congress.

Rhode Island Ku-Klux.

Texas Cattle Disease in Illinois.

Important Telegrams from Various Quarters.

Financial and Commercial.

Special to THE CONSTITUTION.

LAGRANGE, GA., August 20.—General Gordon spoke to an enthusiastic audience today.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 20.—The balances in the Treasury at the close of business to day, is as follows: Coin $72,040,000, including 30½ millions in coin certificates; currency 6½ millions.

A telegram to the Navy Department today, announces the death of Captain H. K. Davenport, of the United States steamer Congress, died at Carlsbad, Germany, on the 8th instant.

The United States steamer Wyoming was at Aspinwall on the 7th of August, with all well on board.

The officers and men who had been detailed as a guard to take care of the Edgar Stewart, had been withdrawn from that vessel.

The United States Steamer California, now at Panama, has been ordered to San Francisco. Oneipoi arrived at Valparaiso on the 4th of July and is expected to leave on the 11th for Rio Janeiro en route for Boston. The Penascola was at Callao July 28th.

The Kentucky war claims have been settled and a warrant will soon be issued for their payment. The amount to be paid is over $5,000.

Probabilities—Southeasterly to southwesterly winds and generally clear weather will prevail on Wednesday over the New England and Middle States. Easterly to southerly winds from Georgia to North Carolina, with generally clear weather, and over the Gulf States, with probably areas of rain along the coast, [the regular telegraphic reports have not yet been received from Western Tennessee,] to Southern Ohio and Lake Michigan and northwestward as well as from Northern New England to Canada.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., August 10.—Matilda Heron Byrne Stoepel has applied for recognition as the widow of Henry Byrne, deceased, and asked the Probate Court to allow her $300 per month from his estate pending the final settlement of the case. She was in court yesterday and vehemently denied ever having been divorced from Byrne claiming that she left him on account of her religion and married Stoepel under the impression that Byrne had obtained a divorce from her.

Mr. Carpenter, an executor under the will, denies that she was the legal wife of the deceased, and claims that the debts due by the deceased will absorb nearly the entire estate.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., August 20.—Two negroes last night entered the house of Job F. Angell and shockingly beat his daughter and shot his wife. Robbery was the motive. They fled upon Mr. Angell's (who is a cripple) raising a cry for a gun. Neither of the ladies are fatally injured. The scoundrels escaped.

READING, PA., August 20.—Hon. Hester Clymer was nominated for Congress by the Democrats of this District.

SARATOGA, N. Y., August 20.—The first race for two year olds, three-fourths of a mile, for $1,100, was won by Comet D'Orsay. Time, 1:19½.

The second race for $500, 1½ mile, for three year olds, was won by Experience Oaks, Time, 1:57½.

The third race, a free handicap for $900, for all ages, 1½ miles, was won by Mary Louise. Time, 3:00

The betting was very heavy and the races unusually exciting.

CHICAGO, ILL., August 20.—It is reported that the Texas cattle disease has appeared among some of the herds in Sangamon and Morgan counties, Illinois, and although as yet the disease does not appear to have spread, the circumstance has caused quite a panic among stock men.

NEW YORK, August 20.—The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of this State to-day elected G. W. Lacy as Grand Master, and C. W. Clarke Grand Secretary.

TRENTON, N. J., August 20.—The Southern mail train was thrown off the track near Trenton this morning, causing a delay of several hours. No one injured.

LONDON, ENG., August 20, 5, P. M.—A dispatch from Belfast this evening says the sole object of the rioters in renewing the disorders in that city to-day was to plunder. Reinforcements for troops now in Belfast continue to arrive, but the railway facilities are insufficient to promptly convey all destined for that city. It is the intention of the military authorities to resort to extreme measures to suppress disorders.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK, August 20.—A special dispatch from London to the Telegram says the Orange riots in Belfast continue with unabated fury and a regular panic prevails. Many respectable people have fled from the city.

The Orangemen, in bodies of 300 to 400, issue from their headquarters in Sandy Row, and rush through the principal streets like demons, firing in all directions. It is apprehended that they will attempt to demolish several Catholic Institutions and large re-inforcements of the constabulary have accordingly surrounded them to resist the attack.

Several regiments, including a detachment from the Royal Barracks in Dublin, were drawn up to day in High and Donegal streets, in the vicinity of Linen Hall, ready to charge the rioters.

Dragoons and mounted constabulary patrolled the city last night, but shooting was as brisk as ever, and in many instances innocent victims were killed. Bitter outcries are made against the city authorities, who allowed friends to pelt the troops with brickbats, wreck churches, pillage stores and perpetrate atrocious murders before they gave the word of command. The mode of warfare is cowardly in the extreme. People walking quietly along are shot down like dogs. At this writing the hospital in Great Patrick street is filled with wounded and dying, and the screams of the sufferers as they are taken is heartrending. Several women have been shot. The troops can do nothing without the sanction of the Mayor, who, owing to the great indignation of the citizens, has at length been compelled to order the military to engage with the rioters. About a dozen persons have been shot at the so-called Boyne Bridge near the railroad station.

The scene since Thursday last has been terrible. It was first thought order would be restored in a day or two, but the partiality and bad management of the authorities have led to the present dreadful state of affairs. Many private houses are torn down or burned. Worked up to a fit of desperation, the Roman Catholics from the district known as the Hond lane and Hercules street have appeared on the streets to resist the further assaults of the Orange Men. The respectable citizens are all more or less seized with terror and are trembling in their houses with fear. The ship-carpenters and Orangemen have joined the rioters with their formidable weapons.

The opposing parties had several engagements last night and this morning and several men were killed.

In attempting to keep the Orangemen and the Roman Catholics apart, several of the constables belonging to the fortieth regiment of infantry, were seriously wounded and conveyed to the hospital.

LONDON, ENGLAND, August 20.—Ex-Emperor Napoleon, in an interview with a correspondent of the Telegraph, said he did not consider the approaching meeting of the Emperors of Germany, Russia and Austria as any indication of danger to the peace of Europe.

The late Emperor keenly criticised the expenditures of M. Thiers in the administration of the Government of France.

Slight disturbances have occurred at Lancaster, Maidstone, Exeter and several other towns, in consequence of the early closing of the public house in compliance with the provisions of the new licensing act.

DUBLIN, IRELAND, August 20.—The journeyman bakers of Dublin are on a strike for higher wages, in consequence of which, a large number of inhabitants are deprived of bread and are in a famishing condition. The most intense excitement prevails and hundreds of women are in the streets inclined to riot and are pouring imprecations upon the heads of master bakers. Attacks upon the shops are feared.

GENEVA, SWIT., August 20.—While nothing is positively known on the subject, the presence of Mr. Cohen and an exceptional length of yesterday's sitting of the Tribunal of Arbitration, are occasion of accredited rumor that somewhat important news will be communicated to the press to-morrow. The final decision of the court is expected in a few days.

ROME, ITALY, August 20.—It is said that Archbishop Demerade, the Almoner of the Pope, has gone to Bruss

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA:

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21 1872.

City Intelligence.

READ all the new advertisements.

POLITICAL news on fourth page.

A YOUNG MAN wishes a situation.

BUY your tickets for the Lecture.

LECTURE TICKETS at Phillips & Crew's.

THREE photographs lost. Leave them at L. B. Davis'.

SEE Prospectus of the Huntsville Female College.

THE seventh annual celebration of the De-Kalb County S. S. Association meets to-day at Decatur. Rev. Henry Quigg delivers the address.

DON'T forget the sale of the Chamberlin property this afternoon by Col. O. W. Adair.

THE Republican Convention meets to-day. Greeley will prove a red sea to Pharoah and his hosts.

CHIQUITA has a sweet poetical effusion on the fourth page.

THE LECTURE! THE LECTURE! Thursday night.

THE Senate is a working body. The clerical force are always up to time.

It takes a bill several days to get from the House into the Senate. A bill passed on Monday morning has not reached the Senate yet!

NORTH EASTERN RAILROAD.—We learn that a contract has been entered into between Grant, Alexander & Co. and the Northeastern Railroad for the grading and masonry of that portion of their road between Athens and its intersection with the Air-Line Railroad, a distance of thirty-eight and a half miles.

THE WEATHER.—The following is the state of the thermometer, yesterday, as kept by H. C. Pope, Druggist: 8, A. M., 79; 10, A. M., 81; 12, M., 82; 3, P. M., 82; 4, P. M., 84; 6, P. M., 82.

COMMITTED.—Laura Whitaker (colored) was committed to jail yesterday by Justice Butt for stealing clothing from a colored friend.

DON'T forget to attend the sale of those two business lots this afternoon at 5 o'clock. See advertisement of Wallace & Fowler.

MAYSON has a grand sale of furniture to-morrow.

J. K. JAMISON has taken charge of the Excelsior Saloon.

THE LADIES' MONUMENTAL ASSOCIATION adopt this method of acknowledging the receipt of $50 from the Historic Society, the proceeds of the entertainment of Enoch Arden.

NEW COTTON.—Mr C. H. Strong, cotton commission merchant, on Broad street, received yesterday morning from Messrs. A. M. Eady & Co., West Point, Ga., the first bale of new cotton, and sold the same to Mr. S. M. Inman at twenty-five cents per pound. The bale was classed fully low middling.

While Atlanta has reason for congratulation in being already one of the best interior cotton markets of the South, there can be no doubt that the opening of further railroad communication will make her preeminently the market for all the surrounding country. The enterprise of our leading cotton factors and shippers secures the very highest price for every bale received.

We believe the receipts of Atlanta, during the coming season will double those of the previous year.

RECOVERY OF STOLEN PROPERTY.—Policemen Buchanan and Lanier arrested a negro named Ambrose Griggs, an escaped convict from the chain gang. He has been twice sent to the penitentiary—the last time from DeKalb county. A gold and silver watch was found on him, and identified as belonging to parties at Athens. Ambrose went on the excursion to Athens and while there just "developed them" into his pocket. He will be returned to Grant, Alexander & Co.

THE meeting at Payne's Chapel is still in progress, and will be continued through the present week.

Prayer meeting every morning at 8 o'clock. Preaching at night quarter before 8 o'clock.

Editors Constitution: The speech of Senator Steadman this morning upon the passage of the bill that proposes to exempt capital to be invested in manufactures from taxation for a period of ten years was one of the most sensible and acceptable of the session.

He demonstrated clearly that the present policy of the State is a losing one, and argued that legislation should be of a character to encourage the establishment of manufactures of all kinds, and such as will offer substantial and lasting inducements to immigration.

The Senate passed the bill promptly. It is to be hoped that the House will be equally alive to the importance of this measure and support it heartily.

The writer has reason for believing that there are in the Northern and Middle States ten thousand men, with a hundred millions of capital, looking out over the country for opportunities to make good investments. Timely and liberal action by the Assembly may draw numbers of those men and a portion of this money to the State.

Senator Steadman's effort was an able one, and we are gratified to see the Senate taking such a stand. It is one of the best measures yet devised for the benefit of the people.

SUPREME COURT CASES.

Regular Order of Business—Cases yet to be Decided.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

9	Macon	15	Northern
10	Flint	16	Augusta
11	Talapoosa	17	Middle
12	Atlanta	18	Ocmulgee
13	Rome	19	Eastern
14	Cherokee	20	Brunswick

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, *August* 20, 1872.—After the delivery of decisions in cases heretofore argued, the regular order of business was resumed.

No. 16., Macon Circuit, Gabriel B. Roberts vs. Sallie Sousers, et al. Equity, from Bibb. Argument continued. B. Hill, W. K. DeGraffenreid, R. F. Lyon, for plaintiff in error. Whittle & Gustin, Poe, Hall and Poe, Nisbette & Jackson, contra.

Pending the argument of R. F. Lyon, Esq., the court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M., to-morrow.

"STRAIGHT-OUT" DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.—The convention met in James' Hall yesterday afternoon.

Dr. James F. Alexander was temporary chairman.

Mr Burgess Smith and Mr H K Shackelford were requested to act as Secretaries. Delegates were then requested to enroll their names. Among them were J T Hall, J T Ransome and Dave Johnson, of Spalding; J F Redding, J H Reid, J T Madden and James Alford, of Pike.

The following resolution was then introduced and adopted:

Resolved, That those counties which have failed to send delegates to this convention may be represented by any persons present in harmony with the objects and purposes of this meeting upon sending their names to the Secretaries' desk.

The enrolling continued; Cherokee, C Harden, T Delany; Taliaferro, Jas Reid, W G Stephens; Quitman, T L Guerry: Newton, P Reynolds, H J Bates; Telfair, H L W Craig, C W Campbell; Elbert, E P Edwards, J F Shannon; Effingham, J T Tooly; Pike, J Alford, J W Herring; Fulton, Col W H Weems, C Fay, A M Wallace, J K Mann, R J Lopall, W M Bray M E Dorsett, John Stephens, J A Stephens, A Murphy, E Mercer, J H Smith, T T Smith, C A Collier H K Shackelford, Dr Gordon, P L Mynatt, J A Anderson; Wilkes, J C Starm, S W Wynn, H T Sision; Polk, J T Gibson; Hancock, F A Butts; Baldwin, J H Furman; Thomas, J L Seward; Richmond, S M Powell; Cobb, A S Atkinson, D L Bailey, Col Hill, J N Rassell, Dr Northcutt; Harris, W P Ransome; Webster, W H Mathews, Ben May; Coweta, W Dent, C Robinson, W Wolfe; Talbot, Henry Persons; Walton, A A Florence, H L Williams, G Hunt; Upson, Dr J W Herring.

The Chairman, on motion, appointed a committee of seven to report names of permanent officers. The committee consisted of Col. Jack Brown, of Sumter; A S Atkinson, of Cobb; J A Stephens, of Fulton; Henry Persons, of Talbot; H L W McCraig, of Telfair; E P Edwards, of Elbert; and J C Starm, of Wilkes.

The committee recommended Hon. P Reynolds, of Newton, as Permanent President; Messrs. Burgess Smith, H K Shackelford and T F Black, Secretaries. Report adopted.

A committee of three, Messrs. Weems, Bray and Reid, were appointed and escorted Mr. Reynolds to the chair.

After thanking the Convention for the honor of calling him to preside over them, Mr. Reynolds entertained the audience with denunciations of Greeley.

On motion of Col. Reid, of Taliaferro, a committee of fifteen were appointed to prepare business for the Convention. The committee appointed were Messrs. Reid, of Taliaferro; T. L. Guerry, of Quitman; W. H. Weems, of Fulton; J. Bailey, of Cobb; Dr. H. J. Bates, of Newton; Henry Persons, of Talbot; J. H. Furman, of Baldwin; E. P. Edwards, of Elbert; J. Ball, of Spalding.

During the absence of the committee, speeches were made by Sidney Bell, Esq., of Atlanta; A. S. Atkinson, of Cobb; J. A. Anderson, and a gentleman whose name the reporter did not learn. We make no attempt to report them: all were pretty much after the same style—denunciation of Greeley, quotations from scripture, and a repetition of devotion to principle.

The committee brought in the following:

"We, the committee, do report the following resolutions as drawn by the Champion Statesman—the Hon. A. H. Stephens, of Georgia, for adoption by this Convention:"

1. Resolved, That the Government of the United States is one formed by sovereign States; that it is one of limited powers, delegated by the States for specific purposes and objects set forth in the Constitution, and that it possesses of itself no original or inherent power whatever.

2. Resolved, That the Union established by the Constitution is a Union of the States, Federal in its character, composed of States and thereby united and is incapable of existence without the States as its constituent integral parts; that the indestructibility of the States, of their rights and of their equality with each other is an indispensable part of this political system, and, therefore, the perpetuation of the Union in it its integrity depends upon the preservation of the States in their political integrity. The Government of the United States being a Federal Republic and not a consolidation of the whole people into one homogeneous nation.

3. Resolved, That the right of local State government, with the objection of the military to the civil authority, and the security of the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus in time of peace with the power to enforce the rights and promote the well-being of its inhabitants, by such means as the judgment of its own people may prescribe and secured and guaranteed under the Constitution of the United States to the several States of the Union; and that too, not "subject to any solemn constitutional obligation upon the part of the Federal Government of any kind whatever; but on the contrary," the Federal Government is under a solemn constitutional obligation not to interfere in these matters in any way, and when it does so it becomes a usurper of power an oppressive tyrant and an enemy to the liberties of the country."

Resolved, That the perpetuation of the Union, and the maintenance of the government as both were established by the Constitution, and as both under the Constitution have been expounded in the foregoing resolutions, in conformity with the teachings of Jefferson, Madison and Jackson, have ever been held as cardinal doctrines of the Democratic party, and they are now reiterated with increased earnestness, under the solemn conviction that the only sure hope for the preservation of liberty rests in bringing back the administration of the government to these principles and in receiving from the hands of those whose admitted usurpations and revolutionary measures now threaten the entire overthrow of the whole fabric of our system of Free institutions and the erection in their stead of a consolidated empire Unanimously adopted.

The following list of delegates to Louisville were reported by the committee and adopted.

Delegates from the State at large—Miles W Lewis, of Greene; Permedas Reynolds, of Newton; W. H. Weems, of Fulton; Hon. A. H. Chappel, of Hancock.

Alternates—Hon. John J. Floyd, of Newton; Judd J. Bailey, of Spalding; Colonel S. T. Fagan, of Sumter; Dr. H. L. W. Craig, of Telfair.

District Delegates—First District—Mershon, of Glynn.

Second District—Col Arthur Hood, of Randolph; Hon. J. L. Seward, of Thomas.

Third District—Hon G W Jordan, of Pulaski; Col. Jack Brown, of Sumter.

Fourth District—Henry Persons, of Talbot; W.P. Ramsey, of Harris.

Fifth District—John Stephens, of Fulton; Col. Dan. H. Johnson, of Spalding.

Sixth District—J H Furman, of Baldwin; A S Florence, of Walton.

Seventh District—A S Atkinson, of Cobb; John Eve, of Floyd.

Eighth District—Dr Henry F Andrews, of Wilkes; James F Reid, of Taliaferro.

Ninth District—Colonel J B Walker, of Morgan; —— Ezzard, of Forsyth.

The above mentioned delegates were empowered to appoint their own alternates.

It was further resolved that the Chair, at his leisure, appoint one from each District to constitute an Executive Committee, who shall elect a Chairman from of the Committee for State at large, who shall be empowered to nominate electors for the Presidential election and to protect every interest of the party.

The Convention recommended to the Louisville Convention the name of Charles O'Connor, of New York, as a suitable candidate for President, and the name of J. Proctor Knott, of Kentucky, as a suitable candidate for the Vice-Presidency.

Convention adjourned.

CASH for peeled and unpeeled peaches, and also for hides.

Parties having to sell would do well to communicate with us, as we pay the highest market value.

SHEEN & CO.,
Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga.
aug18-4t.

Local and Business Notices.

W. H. BROTHERTON is selling the cheapest goods ever offered in Atlanta. Brown Linen Drill for Pants, 16½c.; 4-4 Slate Linen, for Ladies' Suits and Gent's Coats, 20c.; White Satin Stripe Pique, 20c.; Buff Stripe Pique, 25c.; Stripe and Plaid Japanese, 12½c.; One-Button Kid Glove, 50c.; Two-Button Kid Glove, every pair guaranteed, $1 15. Glove-Fitting Corset, $1; 16-Bone French Woven Corset, 75c.; Solid Lawns in Pink, Purple and Brown, 15c. Buff Chambre 15c. Japanese Silk Patterns, $5. Japanese Silk, by the yard, 50c.; Bishop and Victoria Lawns, 20c. Figured and Striped Linen Lawns, 25c. Parasols, 35c. Ribbons 35c. per bolt. Mosquito Nets, 85c. 3 balls Knitting Cotton, 25c. Gent's Calf Boots, $3. Magnolia, New Port and Saratoga Slippers for Ladies, $2 50. The largest and cheapest stock of Shoes in the city.

aug6-dtf

T. J. PHILLIPS, 57 Peachtree street, will have Fresh Fish Wednesday morning, at 5 o'clock. aug20—d2t

PHYSICIANS' Prescriptions carefully compounded of Pure Drugs, at all hours.

PURE DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Prescriptions a Specialty.

H. C. POPE,
Druggist.
aug20—d2w

AT the great closing out sale of William Rich & Co., on Saturday, the sales were $1,460 35.

They still have a few goods left.

aug18—d3t—sun—wen—frid

WILLIAM RICH & Co. have engaged an extra corps of clerks to wait upon their customers. Remember this is a positive closing out sale, and will last only a few days.

aug18—d3t—sun—wed—sat

ICE CREAM.—R. G. Thompson is prepared, from this date, to supply families, parties and picnics, with Ice Cream, in any quantity, at reasonable prices. apr17-wed & sun-tf

FOR THE SUMMER.—I am now prepared to furnish regular meals at the usual hours. My Restaurant is fitted up for the summer campaign. R. G. THOMPSON.
apr17-wed & sun-tf

SELLING OFF!

Flannel Suits, Cassimere Suits,
White Duck Suits, Chevolt Suits,
Alpaca Coats, Brown Linen Suits,
Boys' and Youth's Suits, Light Cassimere Pants,
At greatly reduced prices.

EISEMAN & BRO.,
56 Whitehall street.
aug6-tf

PEASE AND HIS WIFE will have in today, 800 fine melons; 100 bushels of peaches; 300 pounds of grapes. Dinners for 50 cents.
aug3—dtf

ICE CREAM, by the gallon or plate. Families and parties supplied. LEWIS COOK,
may8—dtf Collier Building.

GREAT attraction at the Furniture Emporium. aug11—dtf

ALEX. STEPHENS' History of United States, just issued—Price $1 50.

Mark Twain's "Roughing It," (unrivaled for humor,) $3 50.

Either of the above sent by mail on receipt of price, by

aug18—d1w PHILLIPS & CREW.

PEASE AND HIS WIFE can supply the whole city with choice clear seed peaches. Also, fine grapes at 12½ cents per pound.
aug3—dtf

I EARN AND HIS WIFE have made great efforts to have a grand display of fruits today, and we hope that every family in the city will give us a call. aug3—dtf

I EARN AND HIS WIFE always strive to make money by the amount of business, not by exhorbitant profits. aug3—dtf

PEASE AND HIS WIFE still keep up their grand display of fine fruits. Dinners for 50 cents.
aug3—dtf

Announcements.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

Captain John Milledge is announced as a candidate for the House of Representatives, to represent Fulton county in the next General Assembly, subject to the Democratic nomination. aug26—dtn

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the Legislature, subject to the Democratic nomination.
aug16-ddtn A. L. FOWLER.

FOR SHERIFF.

TO THE VOTERS OF FULTON COUNTY.—I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Fulton county, at the ensuing election, subject to the Democratic nomination, associated with the following named gentlemen as Deputies: G. W. ANDERSON, CHARLES W. WELLS, C. G. GREEN.
july25—dtn A. M. PERKERSON.

J. O. HARRIS is a candidate for re-nomination for the office of Sheriff of Fulton county. He has associated with him as Deputies the following named gentlemen: GEORGE W. KRIES, W. D. BROWN, and Dr. WM. L. MANGUM.
july28—d4tn

FOR ORDINARY.

TO THE DEMOCRATS OF FULTON COUNTY.

I respectfully announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of ORDINARY of Fulton county, subject to a nomination by the Democratic party. I refer to my past official record as the rule for my future conduct, should I be re-elected.
aug6 tdn DANIEL PITTMAN.

The many friends of Col. A. J. McBride announce him as a suitable candidate for Ordinary of Fulton county, subject to the Democratic nomination.
aug6-dtf

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

Noah R Fowler announces himself as a candidate for election to the office of County Treasurer of Fulton county, subject to nomination by the Democratic party. If elected he promises fidelity in the discharge of and strict attention to the duties of the office. aug6-dtn

We are authorized to announce the name of C. M. Payne as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Fulton county, subject to a Democratic nomination. aug2—dtdn

Editors Constitution: Please announce my name as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Fulton county, subject to the Democratic nomination.
aug2—dtdn WM. MCMILLEN.

Editors Constitution: Please announce the name of John P. Mayes as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Fulton county, subject to the Democratic nomination. TAX PAYERS.
july28—dtdn

FOR TAX RECEIVER.

Capt. A. G. Grier is announced as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Receiver, subject to the Democratic nomination. aug2—dtdn

We are authorized to announce Mr. A. J. Collier as a candidate for the office of Tax Receiver, subject to the Democratic nomination. aug1—dtdn

Maj J. F. Edwards is a candidate for the office of Tax Receiver of Fulton county, subject to the Democratic nomination. july26—dtdn

J. N. Langston is announced as a candidate for the office of Tax Receiver for Fulton county, subject to the nomination of the Democratic party.
july26—tdn

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

W. F. Stewart is announced as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Fulton county, subject to the nomination of the Democratic party.
aug20—dtf

Samuel R. Hoyle is a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Collector for Fulton county, subject to the nomination of the Democratic party.
aug2—dtdn

R. P. Tatum is announced as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector for Fulton county, subject to the nomination of the Democratic party.
july28—dtdn

Jesse C. Holbrook is announced as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector for Fulton county, subject to the nomination of the Democratic party.
july19—dtdn

General W. S. Walker is announced as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Fulton county, subject to nomination of the Democratic party.
july3—dtf

FOR CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT.

W. R. Venable is announced as a candidate for re-election to the office of Clerk of the Superior Court of Fulton county, subject to the Democratic nomination.

We are authorized to announce the name of Dr. J. S. Holliday as a candidate for Clerk of the Superior Court of Fulton county, subject to the Democratic nomination.

DEKALB COUNTY ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR ORDINARY OF DEKALB COUNTY.

W. R. Webster is a candidate for the office of Ordinary of DeKalb county, subject to the Democratic nomination. aug6-d&w3t

STATE HOUSE OFFICERS.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.

Major John F. Jesse, of Coweta, is a candidate for Secretary of State, subject to the Democratic nomination. may28—dtd

Colonel H. J. Strozier is announced as a candidate for Secretary of State, subject to the Democratic nomination. nov5-dtde

FOR COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Colonel W. J. Magill is hereby announced as a candidate for the office of Comptroller General, subject to the Democratic nomination.
july22—dtf

Col. Peterson Thweatt is a candidate for the office of Comptroller General, subject to a Democratic nomination. june6—dtde

Thompson Allen, Esq., is a candidate for Comptroller General, subject to Democratic nomination, by which he is pledged to abide. may8—dtde

General Lafayette McLaws announced as a candidate for Comptroller General of the State, subject to the Democratic nomination. dec29—dtf

M. N. ROGERS. W.B. GRUBBS

M. N. ROGERS & CO.,

(Successors to Rogers, Morris & Grubbs.)

Manufacturers and Jobbers,

—OF—

Men's, Boy's and Youths'

CLOTHING,

444 and 446 Broadway,

NEW YORK.

DEALERS are invited to inspect our stock. Our TRADE is confined to the COTTON STATES, our Goods are especially adapted to the wants of the Southern people.

MR. W. T. BURGE, late Marshall & Burge, Charleston, S. C., is connected with us, will be glad to see his former patrons and friends.

Orders solicited. We give those who favor us with their orders the right to return goods not satisfactory at our expense. july14—dtm

Where Is It?

A GOOD position for a Teacher, either as an Associate Instructor or Principal.

Address the applicant. JOS. A. AYCOCK,
aug18 d1w Newnan, Ga.

FOR SALE,

A NUMBER OF HOUSES and LOTS and VACANT LOTS FOR SALE, on terms to suit purchasers.

Apply to DR. J. H. LOW,
National Hotel,

Office—Austell's new building, corner Decatur and Fryor streets. aug16—dsun&wed1m

NOTICE.

RETURN COUPONS OF EXCURSION TICKETS to the different Watering Places will not be recognized by the Conductors of this Road unless they are stamped by the Proprietor of the Springs to which they are sold, and presented within the time prescribed on their face.

R. R. WALKER, M. T.,
Western and Atlantic Railroad.
aug18—d2w

Grapes for Wine.

I WILL SELL GRAPES in quantities of 200 to 1,000 pounds, VERY LOW. Those wanting to make their own Wine will do well to order at once, through Beermann & Kurtz, my agents.

W. W. CLARK,
aug18-d2t Covington, Georgia.

FOR SALE.

That Valuable Plantation on the Etowah River,

In Bartow County, opposite Eve's Station, Rome Railroad, known as the "Shelley Place."

IT consists of 300 acres—100 acres river bottom, 200 acres red upland, and 100 acres in the woods. The land is very fertile, and shipping facilities excellent. Neighborhood first rate. Improvements good. An apple, pear and peach orchard. Tolerable dwelling, stables, and two tenement houses.

Rent corn and cotton can be purchased with the place—20 acres in corn and 60 acres in cotton, both first-rate.

ALSO,

A SAW and GRIST MILL having the best water-power in Georgia.

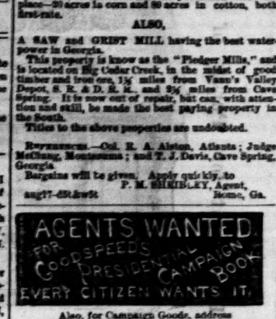
This property is know as the "Pledger Mills," and is located on Big Cedar Creek, in the midst of good timber and iron ore, 1¼ miles from Vann's Valley Depot, S. R. & D. R. R. and ¾ miles from Cave Spring. It is now out of repair, but can, with attention and skill, be made the best paying property in the South.

Titles to the above properties are undoubted.

REFERENCES.—Col. R. A. Alston, Atlanta; Judge McClung, Monument; and T. J. Davis, Cave Spring, Georgia.

Bargains will be given. Apply quickly to

F. M. SHIMLEY, Agent,
JAMES' BANK BLOCK.
aug17-d5t&wk2t Rome, Ga.



Also, for Campaign Goods, address GOODSPEED'S EMPIRE PUBLISHING HOUSE, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, or New York. july18—d&wdin

Divorced.

MY FRIENDS and former patrons will please recollect that I am not now in any way connected with the Plantation Publishing Company, but am employed by W. A. Hemphill & Co., to run their BINDERY. THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE is well adapted to do all kinds of work in the Binding or Printing line, and I shall be glad to have the favors of my friends to follow me.
aug17 dtf WM. R. HANLEITER.

MARIETTA STREET

House and Lot.

I WILL sell a bargain in a magnificent Residence Lot fronting 100 feet on Marietta street, and running through to Luckie, and surrounded by forest oaks.

There is a 6-room house on Marietta and several tenement houses on Luckie street that rent well. Only 300 yards from the Capitol.

I mean business—come and see me.

G. W. ADAIR,
aug17-d3t Real Estate Agent.

SPENCERIAN

Double Elastic

STEEL PENS

THESE celebrated Pens are increasing very rapidly in sale, owing to their unexcelled manufacture. They are of superior English make, and are famous for their elasticity, durability, and evenness of point. For sale everywhere.

For the convenience of those who may wish to try them, we will send a Sample Card, containing all of the 15 numbers, by mail on receipt of 25 cents.

IVISON, BLAKEMAN, TAYLOR & CO.,
aug17-d4 138 & 140 Grand street, N. Y.

THE COUCHE HOUSE,

KINGSTON, GEORGIA,

T. R. COUCHE.....PROPRIETOR.

THE Proprietor of this establishment would respectfully inform the traveling public that his large and spacious Hotel is now finished and ready for the reception of visitors. His rooms are all large and comfortable, and are now being furnished with new furniture throughout, and his guests may rest assured that nothing will be left undone to make them comfortable. He pledges himself that his table will be supplied with the very best the market affords. The excellent climate and delightful water of this section of Georgia, is rapidly bringing Kingston to the attention of our low country friends.

an18—dtf

Wanted,

TWO FIRST CLASS HARNESS MAKERS. Steady employment and good wages. Apply to

W. H. KNIPER,
aug18-d2t Barnesville, Georgia.

Campaign Goods.

FLAGS, PAPER BALLOONS, GARDEN LANTERNS, &c., &c., &c.

J. B. GRUMBACK & CO.,
Manufacturers,
215 Fulton street,
Catalogues Free. NEW YORK.
aug20—d3w

POPULAR MUSIC BOOKS.

Now select the Music Books needed during the next Autumn, and agreeably occupy your Summer Leisure in examining, playing and singing from them.

THE STANDARD! Price $1 50; $13 50 per doz. Destined to be the Banner Church Music Book of the season! Singers, leaders, teachers! "Rally round" the banner!

SPARKLING RUBIES! Price 35 cents. For Sabbath Schools. None better.

THE PILGRIM'S HARP! Price 60 cents. For Vestries and Prayer Meetings. Unexcelled.

Take with you, for entertainment at Summer Resorts,

THE MUSICAL TREASURE.
225 pages of new and popular Songs and Pianoforte pieces, or
SHOWER OF PEARLS.
Full of the best Vocal Duets. Or,
OPERATIC PEARLS
Full of the best Opera Songs. Or,
PIANIST'S ALBUM.
Full of the best Piano Pieces. Or,
PIANO-FORTE GEMS.
Full of the best Piano Pieces.

Each of the above five books costs $2 50 in boards, or $3 00 in cloth. Has more than 200 large pages full of popular music, and either book is a most entertaining companion to a lover of music.

Specimens of the STANDARD sent, for the present, post paid, for $1 25, and of the other books for the retail price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., New York.
july31— apr19—[Wed&Sat&wly

Office Furniture.

OVER 50 50 50 50 50 50
50 50 50 50 50 50
different styles of Desks, Office Chairs in full stock. For sale by L. B. DAVIS, Agent.
aug13-d1w

READ HOUSE,

Fronting Passenger Depot,

CHATTANOOGA.....TENNESSEE.

JNO. T. READ, Proprietor.
apr8—dtf

WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

MEDICAL SCHOOL,

BALTIMORE, M. D.

THE next Annual Session of this Institution will begin October 1st, 1872, and continue five months. The Clinical advantages of the School are unsurpassed.

Fees, including Dissection and Hospital Tickets, $65.

For CATALOGUES containing full particulars apply to Prof. CHAS. W. CHANCELLOR, Dean,
July24—d3w6w Baltimore, Md.

Williams, Langston & Crane,

AGENTS FOR

Plant's Extra!

A FLOUR OF WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION.

Manufactured by

GEO. P. PLANT & CO.,

SAINT LOUIS, Mo.

aug18-d2m

PEARL GRITS, CORN, FLOUR, OAT MEAL. For sale to the trade by

WRIGHT, SCHMIDT & CO.
aug15-dtf

YOUR CITY TAX

IS NOW DUE.

WALK UP AND SETTLE!

ATLANTA, GA., August 20, 1872.

ALL persons holding, or transacting business in the city are hereby notified that the general tax for the present year is now due, and I am ready to receive the same. I can be found at my office, at the City Hall, from 8 to 12, A. M., and from 3 to 6, P. M.

Pay at once and save trouble and costs.

J. H. FRANKLIN,
aug20-dtf City Tax Collector.

STONE MOUNTAIN—20 minutes from Atlanta. Fast settling up. 10 daily trains, cheap living, pure air, cool water. Everything necessary. 3 steady boys and one desirable farm for sale or exchange for Atlanta property. Address HOMESTEAD, Atlanta.
aug13—d2t Box 624.

POSITIVE SALE.

Closing Out to Give up Business!

HAVING determined to give up the Retail Business, and confine ourselves exclusively to the Whole sale, we will clear out our entire stock of Goods during the next few weeks.

The Store will be given up, and all the Goods will be sold out, without reserve, and REGARDLESS OF FIRST COST!

UNPRECEDENTED BARGAINS ARE OFFERED IN

Every Description of Dry Goods!

FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS

Worth of Boots and Shoes,

Positively at what they Cost at the Factory.

We will not attempt to quote prices, but promise all who are in want of Goods, and will favor us with a call, that they will not go away without buying.

Fine Show Cases, Mirrors, and some Store Furniture for Sale Cheap.

WILLIAM RICH & CO.,
JAMES' BANK BLOCK.
aug11—dtf Nos. 7 and 9 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga., near Railroad.

The Scofield Rolling Mill Company

MANUFACTURERS OF

Merchant & Bar Iron, Fish Bar, Spikes, Bolts, Nuts, etc.

LARGE STOCK constantly on hand, and orders promptly filled.

Re-Rolled Iron Rails,

Warranted equal to any made.

A limited quantity of NEW RAILS made on short notice.

Southern Railroad Men

Are especially invited to call at our Works and examine the quality of our RAILS and the way that they are manufactured. Capacity of the Works,

15,000 TONS PER ANNUM.

We are now making about half this quantity

Office and Warehouse at the Works.

ATLANTA, GA., August 10, 1872. aug11-d1tiljan1

OFFICE

Great Southern Freight Line,

CHARLESTON, S. C., JULY 20, 1872.

PATRONS OF GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT LINE, via CHARLESTON, and the Public generally, are respectfully informed that they will have the benefit of the lowest rates published and in operation by any competing route.

J. M. SELKIRK,
july25—dim Superintendent Great Southern Freight Line.

E. HOWARD & CO.'S

KEY AND STEM WINDING

WATCHES

E. B. FLOYD,

Successor to Sharp & Floyd,

Southern Agent.

This is beyond a shadow of doubt the finest and most reliable Railroad time keeper that has ever been made. Our arrangements are such that we can supply them on better terms than any house in the South—keeping at all times a large supply in Gold and Silver cases, and giving E. Howard & Co.'s own, as well as our guarantee, for long time, with each Watch sold. Our House is Headquarters in the South for these Watches. All parties who purchases from us can rely upon getting a genuine Howard Watch, and an accurate timepiece.

E. B. FLOYD,
Wholesale and Retail Jeweler, Atlanta, Ga.

N. B.---All parties at a distance who Order the Howard Watch from us please say which paper they saw our Advertisement in.

may24—d3m

W. L. WADSWORTH. CHAS. WYNN, N. Y

W. L. WADSWORTH & CO.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Hardware.

Also, a Large Stock of Stoves and House Furnishing Goods,

aug26—d1y OPPOSITE JAMES' BANK, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

FRANKLIN & EICHBERG,

Dealers in Stoves, Ranges, Grates, Hollow-ware and Tin, Copper, Zinc, Sheet Iron and Tinner's finding.

Practical STEAM, GAS FITTERS and PLUMBERS.

Large variety of PUMPS—RAMS, STEAM, GAS FITTING and PLUMBING MATERIAL on hand.

28 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Georgia.
july25—dtf

SEASON, 1872.

MONTVALE

SPRINGS,

Blount County, East Tennessee.

THIS FAVORITE SUMMER RESORT

For the invalid and pleasure-seeker,

Will be Opened for the Reception of Visitors

May 15th, 1872.

THE most beneficial results attending the use of these waters, in functional derangements of the LIVER, BOWELS, KIDNEYS, and SKIN, and the cure of CHRONIC DISEASES, attest the

MEDICAL PROPERTIES

Of the Waters.

SITUATED AT THE BASE OF THE

CHILHOWEE MOUNTAINS,

It presents the strongest attractions both to the

INVALID AND THE PLEASURE-SEEKER.

No less on account of its pure invigorating atmosphere and the beauty of the surrounding scenery, than of the

RESTORATIVE POWERS OF ITS WATERS.

Such provision has been made for the

Comfort of Visitors,

That the Proprietor confidently promises

Satisfaction to his Guests.

DAILY STAGES,

WITH MAIL AND PASSENGERS,

Run between Maryville, the terminus of the Railroad from Knoxville, and the Springs; distance nine miles over good roads.

Tickets to the Springs and return, can be obtained at all principal offices. Board per month, for May and June, $45 00; for July, August and September, $60 00; for three months $150 00.

Address for descriptive pamphlets, etc.,

JOS. L. KING, Proprietor,
Montvale Springs.

Refers to Dr. J. P. Logan, Rev. J. S. Wilson, D. D., Hon. John H. Jones, Mayor, R. J. Lowry, Esq., Col & Hill, Maj. Jos. Williams, Colonel L. J. Gantt. june21—2tf

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

STATE OF GEORGIA, ATLANTA, July 25, 1872.

Pursuant to section 1 of the Tax Act, approved January 19, 1872, which authorizes the Governor, with the assistance of the Comptroller General, to assess and levy such a per centage on the taxable property as will produce, in the estimation of the Governor, the sum of $500,000, exclusive of specific taxes, and, after approximating, as nearly as practicable, the amount in value of all taxable property in the State, as exhibited in the Tax Digests, it is

ORDERED, That four-tenths of one per cent, be assessed and collected upon the amount of the value of taxable property returned by or assessed against each tax-payer, and upon the value of all property in the State subject to taxation *ad valorem*.

JAMES M. SMITH, Governor.

MADISON BELL, Comptroller General.
aug6—d30d

Just Received,

100,000 FEET

CHOICE Southwestern Dry Plank, one to one and one-half inch. We have arrangements to keep at all times supplied with the above desirable lumber. Choice buyers are invited to call and examine the same.

MERRIAM, JONES & CO.
june 3-dtf

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE FALL TERM of the Southern Masonic Female College at Covington, opens 26th inst., with ample corps of Teachers. Spring Term, 1873, January 15th. Board reduced to $16 and $18 per month by Col. Harper. For Circulars address

REV. J. N. BRADSHAW,
aug16-d2w President.

OPIUM, MORPHINE

HABIT CURED

IMMEDIATELY

BY Dr. Beck's only known and sure remedy. NO CHARGE for treatment until cured. Call on or address DR. J. C. BECK, 139 John street, Cincinnati, Ohio. july27—d1m

SOUTHERN

TERRA COTTA WORKS.

THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of

TERRA COTTA WORKS,

—SUCH AS—

Window Caps,

Enrichments for Cornices, such as

BRACKETS, MEDALLION,

and everything in the Architectural line. Also,

CHIMNEY TOPS, VASES,

Flower Pots, Statuary, Etc., Etc.

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF

SEWER PIPE

from 3 inches to 30 inches in diameter. Also, interior decoration, such as

Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.

We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.

PELLEGRINI & GIORGE.
may31—dly

EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.

HENRY B. HYDE, JAMES W. ALEXANDER, Vice Presidents.

Purely Mutual—Dividends Annual

NO RESTRICTION ON TRAVEL.

Cash Assets, $18,000,000. Annual Income, $8,000,000.

NEW BUSINESS IN 1871 1870 AND 1871,

Larger than that of any other Company in the World!

NEW BUSINESS IN 1872:

One Million Dollars a Month

More than for same period last year.

Its assets are invested in the most solid securities—

Real Estate in New York	$ 4,250,000	Cash in Bank	1,500,000
Mortgages on Real Estate	10,000,000	United States Bonds	1,500,000

On all which your Policy is a Mortgage!!

The Dividends for 1872, will be nearly $1,500,000.

E. PLATT, General Agent,
july2—d3m NO. 1 KIMBALL HOUSE, ATLANTA, GA.

GREELEY AND GRANT

Are dividing the Radical party, and a good deal is said about the

KU-KLUX BILL.

—BUT—

STEPHENS & FLYNN

FORSYTH STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

ARE FOLLOWING THE GOOD OLD

Democratic Plan

Of doing the greatest amount of good to the greatest number of people, by building up

SOUTHERN TRADE.

And are now offering to the Merchants and Plan

The Daily Constitution.

APART.

BY CHIQUITA.

"With Fate for caesman, our dissimilar lives do cross some waves of Time in company."

Yes, yes! with streak'd and tired eyes I see afar
Thy joyous bark
Glide in its dazzling beauty o'er the starlit wave.
Light trembles from its gilded beacon o'er the grave
Of shadows dark—
And my lone Ark'ydes on and sees no pitying Star!

Caressing waters kiss their bright and winsome Goast
And deck with gems
The young and careless Rover, daring rock and wind.
It fears no Night, no Storm, the summer Gale is kind
And naught e'ndemns.
On my Life's ocean there are angry waves to breast.

"Fate is our caesman." He has made thy life a rhyme
And sends no tear
To thy dark, laughing eye—no mournful voice of night
Dwells on thy soul—no broken song or shattered light
Has taught thee fear.
I have no hope to meet thee on the "Waves of Time."

Macon, August, 1872.

Editors Constitution: Suffer me, through your columns, to return my grateful acknowledgements to "Many Voters," in your issue of the 18th, announcing myself as a candidate for the House of Representatives from DeKalb county. It is an honor indeed to be thought worthy to represent in the halls of Legislatoin such a county as DeKalb—a county with a soil and climate unsurpassed; with farmers of established reputation for practicality and success; with her Gordons, Colquitts, Candlers, Howards, Hillyers, Goldsmiths, and other men of acknowledged worth and ability; her pre-eminence in the Sunday School and every other good work; her glorious Democratic record, untarnished and unspotted—an honor not to be despised. But private considerations impel me to decline being a candidate at this time. While I have naught to say against any whose names have been suggested, candor and justice to moral worth requires me to say that the Hon. W. L. Goldsmith, of Decatur, who has made a faithful, prompt, and reliable Representative should be re-nominated by acclamation. I see no reason for a change. But should the people, either in convention, or by primary election, select some other good Democrat to be their standard bearer, I will support him with all the energy I possess.

It is desirable that the voice of the people be expressed. This can only be done by a convention of delegates from each district, or a mass meeting of the party. It can not be had by Tom, Dick and Harry announcing themselves. In a scrub race they are not bound, except to their own private interest. And I would sound a note of warning to the people to beware of the cry of "no convention," however plausibly urged. Doubtless there are many now urging it, good, honest men who are unaware of the evil results that may follow such a course. There is danger in it. It is the cry of those who would entail upon the State the payment of millions of illegal bonds issued by Bullock. The only safe course is to get a full, fair and free expression of the will of the party as to who shall be their candidates from county to Congressional offices. The "no convention" movement is designed for private ends, and not for public good. Again warn the people to beware of it. When the party speaks and expresses its will, let every membey obey. There is no medium ground to occupy. He who does not support the nominees of the Democratic party is not a true and faithful member of the party, for by his own act he aligns himself with its enemies. He votes against its nominees—can the Radicals do more?

It is well known that certain parties inject into every canvass local issues, when no such local issue exists or should exist. I am aware that there is a strong local prejudice existing at Decatur against Stone Mountain.

But Stone Mountain does not reciprocate it, and, will in this canvass, support Mr. Goldsmith, a resident of Decatur, or any other good Democrat from that section.

Hoping that all will unite in the effort to sustain the integrity and unity of the party—to advance the public weal, and elevate good and true men to station.

I remain very truly,
W. G. WHIDBY.

W. H. Payne for Senator.

At a convention of the Delegates from the ——— surprising the Forty-fourth Senatorial District, this day held at Crawford Spring in Walker county, on motion Thomas G. McFarland, of Walker, was appointed Chairman, and M. A. B. Tatum, of Dade, was requested to act as Secretary.

The roll of delegates was then called, when the following named delegates and alternates answered to their names:

Walker County—D. C. Sutton, J. F. Smith, J. T. Renfro, Thomas G. McFarland, James M. Lee, H. P. Lumpkin and M. E. Rhodes.

Catoosa County.—Wm. Quinn, A. Peeler, R. A. Story, Charles Conley, B. D. Martin and W. C. Patton.

Dade County.—W. P. H. Tatum, M. A. B. Tatum, L. H. Payne, John McMahan, J. G. Hale and J. M. Sutton.

On motion of Mr. Pace, of Dade, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the delegates present be authorized to cast the vote of the counties they represent.

Mr. Sutton, of Walker, nominated as the candidate of the Democracy of the 44th Senatorial District, in the approaching election, the Hon. Wm. H. Payne, of Catoosa, and moved that he be nominated by this convention by acclamation. The motion was unanimously carried.

Mr. Rhodes, of Walker, moved that a committee of one from each county be appointed to notify Judge Payne of his nomination, and request his acceptance. The chairman then appointed as the committee M. E. Rhodes, of Walker, J. M. Sutton, of Dade, and R. A. Storey, of Catoosa.

The committee retired, and after a short absence, returned and reported that Judge Payne returned his thanks for the honor conferred, and accepted the nomination.

On motion of Mr. Storey, of Catoosa, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Democracy of the 44th Senatorial District, pledge themselves to abide the action of the Convention, this day held at Crawfish Spring, and will support the nominee of the same, and use all honorable means to secure his election.

On motion of Mr. Rhodes, of Walker, it was

Resolved, That the proceedings of this Convention be published in the Catoosa Courier and that the Rome Courier be requested to copy the same.

On motion, the Convention then adjourned *sine die*.

THOMAS G. MCFARLAND, Chairman.
M. A. B. TATUM, Secretary.
August 18th, 1872.

Hon. John E. Hancock.

Editors Constitution: In the General Assembly of Georgia, there is a class of good and true men, who, though they do not make much noise in that body, serve as a sort of balance wheel and keep the machinery of the State Legislature within proper and manageable bounds. Conspicuous among these, is the gentleman whose name heads this article, Hon. John R. Hancock, of Jackson county. He is somewhat past the meridian of life, but is well preserved and still in possession of his mental faculties, undimmed by excesses of any kind. He is always at his post in the House, and ready to vote as his superior good sense and judgment may dictate as being just and right. Well may his constituents be proud of such a Representative—not on account of his oratorical display on the floor, for he is not distinguished for that, and it is well for the interests of the country, that there is such a solid mass of good sense and practical worth in the House, composed of members not distinguished for their "much speaking;" for speaking consumes time, and "time is money," as well in Legislative Assemblies as in the ordinary transactions of life. To this class Mr. Hancock belongs, and he is one of its most solid members. When it comes to voting, however, or to the exercise of sound judgment, unswerving honesty and true devotion to the interests of the people, Mr. Hancock has few peers and no superior. He is not only a true Democrat, but a man of true Christian piety, and a public exemplar of all those qualities which so highly adorn the character of a good citizen. Jackson county is fortunate to have such a Representative.

OBSERVER.

Gen. Toombs is said to gone to the Virginia Springs. A distinguished officer reports that the General says he will not support Greeley, damn him, but he (Greeley) is going to sweep the country, North as well as South.

Leading Letters.

IT IS A MARK of the unsuccessful man that he invariably locks his stable door when the horse has been stolen. This sort of wisdom never thinks a scout bodily health until it is gone. But just as much as any disease has become seated, the power of the system to resist and throw it off is weakened; hence time is all important. For dyspepsia, all diseases of the liver, stomach, skin and kidneys, and all that begin in vitiated blood, do not wait until the trouble is confirmed, but attack it by a timely use of Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters. aug18 4w

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, oct2—d1y New York.

A DISEASE WITH A THOUSAND SYMPTOMS.—Dyspepsia is the most perplexing of all human ailments. Its symptoms are almost infinite in their variety, and the forlorn and despondent victims of the disease often fancy themselves the prey, in turn, of every known malady. This is due, in part, to the close sympathy which exists between the stomach and the brain, and in part, also, to the fact that any disturbance of the digestive function necessarily disorders the liver, the bowels and the nervous system, and affects, to some extent, the quality of the blood. A medicine that, like Hostetter's Bitters, not only tones the stomach but at the same time controls the liver, produces a regular habit of body, braces the nerves, purifies the fluids and "ministers to a mind diseased," is therefore the true and only specific for chronic indigestion. Such is the operation of this famous vegetable restorative. It not only cures dyspepsia, but also all concomitants and consequences. Moreover, it is invaluable as a preventive of indigestion. No one who chooses to take half a wineglassful of this agreeable appetizer and stomachic habitually three times a day will ever be troubled with oppression after eating, nausea, sour eructations, or any other indications of a want of vigor in the digestive and assimilating organs. The debility and languor superinduced by hot weather are immediately and permanently relieved by the Bitters, and persons who are constitutionally inclined to look upon life "as through a glass, darkly," will be apt to take a brighter and more hopeful view of the situation under the genial influence of this wholesome medicinal stimulant.

aug20-deod1w&w1t.

THE LATEST SWINDLE.—Certain sanctimonious charlatans would fain persuade the world that diffusive stimulants have no medicinal value, and that detestable slops, composed of griping acids and drastic purgatives, are better tonics than the finest vegetable ingredients combined with the purest and mellowest products of the still. But this sort of thing won't go down. The stomach of our common sense rejects it, as the physical stomach of every man with an undepraved palate rejects, with loathing and abhorrence, the nauseous abominations, "free from alcohol," which Humbugs are trying to thrust down the throats of Temperance Invalids under the pretense that the fifth will do them good? It is not likely that while Plantation Bitters, the Standard Tonic of America, is anywhere accessible, such sickening frauds can make much headway, but it is as well to put the public on their guard against them.

aug20-deod1w&w1t.

There was a man in our town
And he was wondrous wise,
He had a pain from ear to ear,
Another betwen his eyes;
And when he saw he had Catarrh,
With all his might and main
He purchased Sage's Remedy
And has his health again.
It is sold by druggists everywhere.

aug20-deod1w&w1t.

IN THE GOLDEN AGE OF GIRLHOOD Preserve the beauty of the teeth with Sozodont, and then, when the hair is silvered and the eyes dimmed with years, the mouth will still reveal two glittering rows of unsullied ivory.

aug20-deod1w&w1t.

Shepard, Baldwin & Co.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

LIQUORS AND TOBACCOS,

No. 11 Decatur Street,

Opposite Kimball House,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

aug13-d1f

MANSFIELD & BAIRD,

WEST END JEWELERS,

1416 Chestnut Street,

Philadelphia.

WOULD call the attention of parties visiting Philadelphia to their large assortment of

Diamonds and fine Gold Jewelry

OF RICH DESIGNS.

Bridal Outfits in

SOLID SILVER WARE, Etc.

which we are offering at prices to suit the times. Also,

Fine Watches

of every make for presentation, etc.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders received by mail. july3—d4m—wednesd&sat.

EXCURSION

Tickets, Atlanta to New York and Return, by Charleston, S. C., $45 00.

Good until October 15th. 1872.

aug6—d3w

To the Merchants of Atlanta!

THE ATLANTIC AND GULF

FREIGHT LINE,

VIA SAVANNAH,

BEG leave to announce to their friends and patrons that their rates and classification shall always be as low as by competing Lines, and say "Special Clearance" or "Letters" issued by other routes, giving lower rates than at present advertised, will be promptly met by corresponding reductions on the Atlantic and Gulf Freight Line.

Merchants visiting New York will consult their interest by calling on C. D. OWENS, the General Agent of the Line, 229 Broadway, before making Freight engagements elsewhere.

july21—d1odtf

GAINESVILLE HOTEL,

Gainesville, Georgia,

J. A. CHRISTIAN, Proprietor.

THIS House has been Refitted and Supplied with New Furniture, and will compare with the best. The Table always supplied with the best the market affords, and special attention given to the comfort of guests.

There will be found at all times upon the arrival of regular trains, at the depot, hacks, etc., to convey to this house, free of charge, its patrons.

RATES OF BOARD:

Single Meals.....$ 50 | Two Weeks.....$15 00
Per Day.....2 00
Per Week.....10 00 | Per Month.....35 00

may7—ma26-d1f

A Rare Opportunity.

ONE Thousand Dollars Cash will secure a very nice House. Become your own landlords and save rent. Three new cottages, (high prices and credit) finished houses of seven rooms each in good central neighborhood near Peachtree street, will be sold low and on long credits, viz: One-third cash, balance in one and two years. For particulars apply to

T. G. ELSWALD,
june19—june21—d1f 119 West Mitchell Street.

Railroads.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	6.00 o'clock.	A. M
Leaves Atlanta	8 15	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5.40	P. M
Arrives at Augusta	5.30	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	6 30	P. M
Leaves Atlanta	5.00	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5.45	A. M
Arrives at Augusta	6.10	A. M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 45	P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain	6 05	P. M
Arrives Atlanta	8 00	A. M
Arrives Stone Mountain	8 15	P. M

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER—DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

Leave Atlanta	2.00	A. M
Leave Macon	9 50	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	2.15	P. M
Arrives at Macon	2.30	A. M

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	4.10	P. M
Leaves Macon	10.00	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.05	P. M
Arrives at Macon	9.35	P. M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leave Atlanta	10.05	P. M
Arrive at Chattanooga	5.55	A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	9.30	A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	3.30	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	4.45	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	10.30	A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leave Chattanooga	5.50	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1.10	P. M

FAST LINE TO NEW YORK.

Leaves Atlanta	5.00	P. M
Arrives at Dalton	10.03	P. M

For Savannah via Macon and Western and Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

Leave Atlanta at	2.45	P. M
Connect with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad at Macon at	2.30	P. M
Arrive at Savannah	8.35	A. M

Schedule of Rome Railroad.

DAY TRAIN.

Leave Rome	9.15	A. M
Arrive at Kingston	9.30	A. M
Leave Kingston	9.00	A. M
Arrive at Rome	10.00	A. M

NIGHT TRAIN.

Leave Rome	8.30	P. M
Arrive at Kingston	10.00	P. M
Leave Kingston	1.50	P. M
Arrive at Rome	2.05	P. M

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.

TIME CARD, JULY 1, 1872.

Leave Atlanta	8.30	A M.	10.20	P M
Arrive Chattanooga	2.50	P M.	5.08	A M
Arrive Nashville	12.50	A M.	1.15	P M
Arrive McKenzie	8.20	A M.	8.50	P M
Arrive Memphis	2.10	P M.	2.25	A M
Arrive Little Rock			6.30	P M
Arrive Hickman	12.20	P M.	12.20	M
Arrive Union City	10.30	A M.	10.30	P M
Arrive Columbus	11.00	noon.	10.10	m d t
Arrive St. Louis	10.15	P M.	9.50	A M
Arrive Louisville	2.40	A M.	9.55	P M

ALBERT B. WREN,
Southeast Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.

Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.

Leaves Griffin	1 00 P M
Arrives at Newnan	3 45 P M
Leaves Newnan	8.00 A M
Arrives at Griffin	9 47 A M

Connects at Griffin with Macon and Western Railroad.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7	18 A. M
Arrives at West Point	11	43 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leaves West-Point	3	25 P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	7	50 P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7	05 P M
Arrives at West-Point	11	30 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward)

Leaves West Point	1	10 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	5	50 A M

Air-Line Railroad.

Leave Atlanta	6	00 A M
Arrive at End of Track	11	10 A M
Leave End of Track	2	00 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	7	27 P M

"THE FARMERS' CHOICE"

FERTILIZER.

Containing the elements of plant food in the most natural proportions.

It is perfectly deodorized, quick in action permanent in effect and unsurpassed in mechanical condition.

MANUFACTURED BY

C. H. Stockell & Co., Nashville, Tenn

FOR SALE BY

ANDERSON & WELLS

No. 20 Alabama Street,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA

feb23—d1f

ACCOMMODATION

AT BRISTOL—GOODSON,

VIRGINIA AND TENNESSEE,

FOR a few families who may be seeking a cooler atmosphere among the mountains during the summer months, by Mrs. Whitten, on reasonable terms. Parties desiring board will apply at once by letter. References exchanged.

jun3—d3m MRS. C. WHITTEN

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,

No. 2 Wall Street, Kimball House,

ATLANTA, GA.

THIS COMPANY is authorized to receive money on deposit from Courts, Corporations, Capitalists, Public institutions, business men, executors, administrators, treasurers agents, persons unaccustomed to business and others, payable on demand, and allow such interest as may be agreed on.

W. L. GORDON, President.
J. M. WILLIS, Cashier.
(ED. HOLLAND, Teller.)

july3—d3m

CHANCE OF NAME.

THE ROME HOTEL, J. A. Stansbury, Proprietor, located near the Railroad Depots and Steamboat Landing and convenient to the business portion of town, on the corner of Broad and South Street, formerly known as the Tennessee House, was closed last October for the purpose of being refitted. The work has been completed and the House is now ready for the reception of guest, to afford every comfort that is to be found in the Best Hotels of the country.

feb29—jan29-d1f J. A. STANSBURY

RICHARDSON'S

CROWN SHERRY!

Imported direct from Cadiz, Spain, for sale by REDWINE & FOX,
Corner Alabama and Whitehall Streets,
march30—deodly Atlanta, Ga.

A CHOICE RESIDENCE LOT

FOR SALE.

THAT LOT AND RESIDENCE recently occupied by Hon. Jared L. Whitaker, on the corner of Washington and Jones streets, will be sold by the undersigned on private terms.

The Residence contains six rooms, conveniently arranged with ample closets. On the lot are three outhouses consisting of servants' house, store room, etc., and a convenient stable for one horse and cow.

The lot measures 115 feet on Washington and 210 feet on Jones street.

In point of elevation, beauty of surroundings, good neighborhood, society, and proximity to the business portions of the city, it is, in my opinion, superior to any residence property for sale in this city.

L. P. GRANT,
Office, Atlanta and West Point Railroad,
may28—d1f Railroad Block.

LUMBER!

MERRIAM, JONES & CO.,

HAVE on hand, and are constantly receiving, a large stock of Dry and Green Lumber, of all the varieties appertaining to the trade, together with

White Pine Doors,

WINDOWS AND BLINDS.

To all of which they would respectfully call the attention of Builders and others.

Prices always to the market will admit. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Yard and office next below Willingham Building, Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga. apr14—d1f

Found at Last.

THE cheapest place in the city to buy your Groceries is at No. 61 Decatur street, where you will always find what you want, (high prices and credit excepted.) Come and see for yourself, and bring your POCKET BOOK with you, and I assure you that you will be well paid for your trouble. A call delivered all goods in the city FREE, just positively will not credit any one.

W. C. HUGHES.
May 1, 1872. apr21—d1m

Hotels.

THE McAFEE HOUSE,

At Smithville, Georgia.

IS KEPT in the most elegant style. The cutsout trains from Macon dine at Smithville, and the traveling public will find at this House first-class accommodations. Give him a call. june6—d1f

FAIRBURN HOTEL,

By MRS. E. McLARIN,

Fairburn.....Georgia.

$2 Board per Day $2.

THE Morning Trains from Atlanta to West Point, Georgia, breakfast at this House. Three trains breakfast daily. may18 d1f

HEARD HOUSE,

LaGrange.....Georgia.

BY GEORGE C. HEARD.

THIS House has been recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The tables always supplied with the best the market affords. Porters will be found at the Depot on every arrival of the Trains to take charge of baggage.

CHOICE HOTEL

Corner Broad and Bridge Streets,

ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

Situated in the business part of the city.

Passengers taken to and from the Depot FREE OF CHARGE.

dec1-tf Lucas A. Camp, Clerk.

NEW HOTEL,

PALMETTO, - - GEORGIA.

W. Jackson House

Is now open to the Traveling Public.

jan18-d1f W. JACKSON, Proprietor.

THE MAJORS HOUSE,

BY E. MAJORS,

TRENTON.....GEORGIA.

He pledges himself his house will be kept in first rate style, and on moderate terms. nov21-d1f

ECKLES HOUSE

AND

LIVERY STABLE,

SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.

Rates of Board:

Single Meal.....50 cents | Per Day.....$ 2 00
Per Week.....$8 00 | Per Month.....20 00

Livery Stable Charges at Corresponding Rates.

STERLING ECKLES, Proprietor.

june9-d1f

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

BY WILLIAM J. SIBERT.

(Near the Court House and Depot)

GADSDEN.....ALABAMA.

Guests will find everything new and neat. Servants attentive. Terms—$2 00 per day single meals fifty cents. nov19-d1f

TIBBS HOUSE,

Dalton, Ga.

L. B. STONE. J. B. WIMBERLY

dec3-d1f

SENOIA HOTEL,

SENOIA, GEORGIA,

W. R. STILLWELL, Proprietor

may18—d1f

JOHNSON HOUSE,

BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON,

INGSTON.....GEORGIA

june13-d1f

BACON HOUSE,

LEXINGTON.....GEORGIA

JOHN W. BACON, Proprietor.

A REGULAR Two-Horse Hack will attend every day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Ga. sep11-d1f

GLOBE HOTEL,

LAWRENCEVILLE, GA.,

HAS ample room for the accommodation of families.

Travelers will find at this House a regular

OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME,

And board as cheap as could be asked for.

The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best.

Good water here, and a fine, healthy climate, unsurpassed in North Georgia.

I have also a Livery Stable attached. Horses and buggies can be had on reasonable terms.

june9-d1f W. J. BORN, Proprietor.

Pratt House,

(Formerly Brown House,)

Cuthbert.....Georgia,

T. J. PRATT, Proprietor.

Hacks in attendance upon all trains, and no pains spared to make guests comfortable.

march5—d1f

Wayside House,

RINGGOLD, GEORGIA,

IS now open for the reception of guests together with transportation to Catoosa Springs and all other accessible places of note, at reasonable prices. All pains will be taken to render guests comfortable by

feb20—d1f A. J. HEALAN & LADY.

SASSEEN HOUSE,

(Formerly United States Hotel,)

CORNER ALABAMA AND PRYOR STREETS,

Atlanta, Georgia.

E. R. SASSEEN, Agent.....Proprietor

Terms—Transient Boarders, per day, $2
Single meal and lodging, 50 cents, sep20-d1f

Thomaston Hotel,

Thomaston,.....Georgia.

THE undersigned having taken charge of the above House, takes pleasure in announcing to the public generally, that their new brick hotel, situated within one hundred yards of the Air-Line Depot, and the hundred yards of several fine Mineral Springs, two of which is now open for the accommodation, at charges as low as the times will admit of.

Parties in quest of Health or Pleasure will find both at this House, where every attention will be given to their comfort and furtherance of their object.

A good Livery Stable is convenient to the House, where any description of vehicle can be procured, with good teams and careful drivers. apr26-d1f

Hammett House,

JONESBORO.....GEORGIA

THIS HOTEL is the regular Eating House on the Macon and Western Railroad, and is convenient to the central part of the town. The house has been refurnished throughout, (high prices and credit excepted.) Come and see for yourself, and bring your POCKET BOOK with you, and I assure you that you will be well paid for your trouble. A call delivered all goods in the city FREE, just positively will not credit any one.

W. C. HUGHES.
may1—d1m

Madison House,

MADISON, GEORGIA.

TRAVELERS, invalids and families will find this one of the best hotels in the South. Porters at all the trains who will take care of baggage. Terms reasonable. FISHE & MORGAN,
apr12—d1f Proprietors.

CONYERS HOTEL,

By D. P. SMITH,

(Successor to R. Thorn.)

THIS HOUSE is within one hundred yards of the Railroad, has been thoroughly refitted and supplied with new furniture Give him a call and try guarantees to give entire satisfaction

THE PYE HOUSE,

(NEW HOTEL,)

Forsyth, Georgia,

WILLIAM SCARBOROUGH, Proprietor

Board per Day, $2 50; Day Board, $18 00; Board and Lodging $25 00. may26 d7m.

McDowell House,

NEWNAN, GA.,

L. P Thomas, Proprietor.

apr11—d1f

THE TRAMMELL HOUSE,

GAINESVILLE, GA.,

J. G. TRAMMELL & SON,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their new brick hotel, situated within one hundred yards of the Air-Line Depot, and the hundred yards of several fine Mineral Springs, two of which is now open for the accommodation, at charges as low as the times will admit of.

Parties in quest of Health or Pleasure will find both at this House, where every attention will be given to their comfort and furtherance of their object.

A good Livery Stable is convenient to the House, where any description of vehicle can be procured, with good teams and careful drivers. apr26-d1f

Hammett House,

JONESBORO.....GEORGIA

THIS HOTEL is the regular Eating House on the Macon and Western Railroad, and is convenient to the central part of the town. The house has been refurnished throughout, (high prices and credit excepted.) Come and see for yourself, and bring your POCKET BOOK with you, and I assure you that you will be well paid for your trouble. A call delivered all goods in the city FREE, just positively will not credit any one.

W. C. HUGHES.
may1—d1m

BARTOW HOUSE,

T. J. BRIDGES, Proprietor,

Cartersville.....Georgia.

THIS House has been remodeled and refurnished throughout, and is kept in the best style.

jun23—d1f

SIMMONS & CLOUGH ORGAN CO.'S

IMPROVED

CABINET ORGANS

—AND—

Pre-eminent for Purity of Tone!!

Every Instrument fully Warranted!!

Grand Combination Organs,

FITTED WITH THE NEWLY INVENTED

Scribner's Patent Qualifying Tubes,

An invention having a most important bearing on the future reputation of Reed Instruments, by means of which the quantity or Volume of tone is very largely increased, and the quality of tone rendered Equal that of the Best Pipe Organs of the Same Capacity.

Our celebrated "Vox Celeste," "Vox Humana," "Wilcox Patent," "Octave Coupler, the charming "Cello" or "Clarionet" Stops, and all the Late improvements can be obtained only in these Organs.

Thirty-two Different Styles, for the Parlor and the Church. The best Material and Workmanship. Quality and Volume of tone Unequaled.

Prices $70 to $500. Factory and Warerooms, corner 6th and Congress streets, Detroit, Michigan. Established in 1850. Agents wanted in every county. Address

july17—d2m SIMMONS & CLOUGH ORGAN CO., Detroit, Michigan.

HOFFMIRE, KELSEY & CORNWELL,

(SUCCESSORS TO A. CHRISTIAN,)

MANUFACTURERS of Christian's Patent Spring Horse, Perambulators, Carriages, Cabs, Rockingg Horses, Propellers, Sleighs, etc.

Warerooms, 65 MAIDEN LANE, Corner William street. Manufactory 97, 69, 91 and 93 Mangin street, N. Y. Write for Illustrated Catalogue. july19-d1y

The Great Southern

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE

Daily Through Passenger Train.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

ON

ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA

BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on Sale at

MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA

AND

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent,
J. A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24—d1f

J. P. LEE. J. W. HIGHTOWER

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

Griffin, Georgia,

LEE & HIGHTOWER, Prop'tors

PERSONS visiting the Indian Springs, during the summer, will find it to their interest to call on us, in the way of the most pleasant rigs.

BETTER TURNOUTS

Careful Drivers and Quicker Time. We are prepared to furnish anything in the Livery line, at the shortest notice and reasonable terms.

aprl3—d1f

Sterling's Southern Series

—OF—

Readers, Orators & Copy Books.

THE undersigned now own the plates of this POPULAR SERIES; and are they are the only Forsyth Southern School Books offered in the market. We submit that it is to the interest of Teachers to patronize them. Send for circulars of Special Terms to Teachers—VERY LIBERAL. Specimen copies sent for examination.

Prof. Orr, the Superintendent of Education for Georgia, says of them:

*Messrs. J. W. Burke & Co., Macon, Ga.—*GENTLEMEN: I have given to the Sterling Series of School Books, which you have had the kindness to favor with me, such examination as the limited amount of hours at my command has allowed. With nothing books of the series I was already familiar, having added greatly to the interest of several public exhibitions, while engaged in active school work, by selections from their pages. While there ought not to be anything offensively sectional in our school literature, I must be allowed to say that it is with feelings of both pleasure and pride that I find in the pages of these books so liberal a recognition of Southern talent. I am glad, too, to learn that their publication is to be transferred to our own State. Southern independence will be secured entirely by pronouncing, as far as possible, every necessary for the supply of all our wants, both material and literary, upon our own soil. I will only add that I would be pleased to see the books extensively used.

Respectfully yours,
GEO. A. ORR,
State School Commissioner.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 24, 1872.

J. W. BURKE & CO., Publishers,
aug3-d1f Macon, Georgia.

Great Bargain.

SEVERAL valuable and handsome RESIDENCE LOTS for sale low. Apply to

DR. P. S. BALTER,
Office on West Hunter Street,
4oct6-d1f Between Whitehall and Broad.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

$10 made from 50 cents. Call and examine or 12 Samples sent (postage free) for 50 cts., that retail quick for $10. R. L. L. WOLCOTT, 181 Chatham Square, N. Y.

$250 A MONTH easily made with Stencil and Key Check dies. Secure circular and samples, free. S. M. SPENCER, Brattleboro, Vermont

RARE CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

AGENTS, we will pay you $40 per week in cash, if you will engage with us at once. Everything furnished and expenses paid. Address

P. A. ELLS & CO., Charlotte, Mich.

5000 AGENTS wanted for our most attractive "GREELEY & BROWN" and "GRANT & WILSON" Campaign Charts. The best ones out. Send for Circular. Immense sales. Large profits. HARRIS & ALBRECHT, Empire Map and Chart Establishment, 107 Liberty street, New York.

"PSYCHOMANCY, or SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a marriage, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, &c. A queer, exciting book. 1,000 sold. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia.

Agents WANTED for the Autobiography of HORACE GREELEY. A new illustrated edition, now ready. Get this the best and only edition written by himself and indorsed by the Tribune; and our 1872 CAMPAIGN MANUAL for all parties, just out, price $1 50. One Agent sold 99 in three days. Splendid Steel Portrait of Greeley, $1. $300 a month made selling the above.

E. B. TREAT, Publisher, 805 Broadway, N. Y

AGENTS WANTED FOR GOODSPEED'S PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN BOOK. EVERY CITIZEN WANTS IT.

Also for Campaign Goods. Address GOODSPEED'S EMPIRE PUBLISHING HOUSE. New Orleans, Cincinnati, St. Louis.

DO NO FAIL while on your Summer Excursion North to secure one of the

CELEBRATED IMPROVED

Stewart Cook Stoves!

With its special attachments, Roaster, Baker and Broiler. The Stove and Furniture carefully packed for safe shipment. Books sent on application.

FULLER, WARREN & CO.,
236 Water Stre t, New York.

BURNHAM'S

WATER WHEEL

New Turbine is generally use throughout the U. S. A. 40 per cent is used by the Government in the Paint Office, Washington, D. C. Its simplicity of construction and the power it transmits renders it the best water wheel ever invented. Pamphlet free.

N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa.

Roanoke College, Salem, Va

Twentieth session begins Sept. 4th, 1872. Expenses for 10 months about $210. This embraces Board and Tuition, including Modern Languages, as well as all necessary incidental expenses. Special attention invited to unsurpassed location, salubrious climate, moral and intelligent community, thorough course of study, good conduct of students, etc. Studen s in attendance from 14 different States. Send for Catalogues, Circulars, etc., to Rev. D. F. BITTLE, D. D., President.

The Great South American

JURUBEBA

BLOOD PURIFIER.

It is not a physic which may give temporary relief to the sufferer for the first few doses, but which, from continued use brings Piles and kindred diseases to aid in weakening the invalid, nor is it a disordered Liquor, which, under the popular name of "bitters" is so extensively palmed off on the public as sovereign remedies, but it is a most powerful Tonic and alterative, pronounced so by the leading medical authorities of London and Paris, and has been long used by the regular physicians of other countries with wonderful remedial results.

DR. WELLS' EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA

retains all the medical virtues peculiar to the plant and may be taken as a permanent curative agent.

Is there want of action in your Liver and Spleen? Unless relie